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MIME

Czech-out time for Communist leaders

PRAGUE (Agencies) -Czechoslovakia's Communist rulers plunged deeper into crisis

Two leading members of a newly formed politburo were forced to quit as hundreds of thousands of people staged a mass protest for the ninth successive day.

Miroslav Stepan and Miros-lav Zavadil resigned only hours after being reelected to the ruling politburo at a 16-hour central committee meeting ending in the early morning

hours, state radio reported. The Prague city party organisation, which Stepan heads, forced them to quit by condemning their reelection and calling for an emergency national party congress to bring in more

In Slovakia, party members were rebelling against the reelection of a third politburo member, Jozef Lenart, state television said.

Karel Urbanek, who re-placed Milos Jakes as party leader in the overnight upheav-al, told a meeting of the Prague party there as no time to lose. The 48-year-old leader, bags of fatigue under his eyes testifying to the strain of events, praised the open criticism ex-

pressed at the meeting and said if it had come sooner the party would be in a better position. "We must not be afraid to say: 'I am a Communist'," declared Urbanek, a grey-haired

EAST BERLIN (R) — One in 10

East German Communists have

quit the party in the past two

months and a senior member

suggested the party might have to

change its name to overcome its ossified image.

Meanwhile the clamour for a

settling of accounts with deposed

The party's youth daily deman-

Communist bosses grew.

figure in a grey suit.

more than 300,000 people massed in the biggest popular show 71-year history, heard playwright Vaclay Havel, a leading opposition figure, denounce the

new politburo. Havel said the civic forum. the leading opposition group, has amassed hundreds of thousands of backers over the past week and would insist on negotiating more democracy with the politburo.

The buge rally Saturday started earlier when thousands of people gathered outside Gothic St. Vitus Cathedral, Roman Catholic Cardinal Frantisek Tomasek urged "modera-

tion and patience." "We haven't won yet," said a poster in a shop window on Wenceslas Square as people stood in line to buy newspapers

to read of the party shake-up. Earlier, official media reported only that Jakes had been replaced by Urbanek and that the central committee adopted a reform programme that envisioned new laws on assembly, association, the press, education and defence. But a draft law on the press published recently, for instance, foresaw stiff fines for simply passing on

unauthorised publications. Zdenek Horeni, editor in chief of Rude Pravo, told a news conference Saturday the party envisioned changing the constitutional article that guarantees the leading role of

But party officials previously have indicated the Communists

The new politburo seemed largely to consist of stalwart Communists and it was uncertain whether they would provide the democratic reform sought by protesters in the past

Jan Urban, chief spokesman of Civic Forum, told the British Broadcasting Corporation earlier from Prague that the new members were all "very experienced apparatus people with no idea of reformist thinking. ..There's nothing to be satis-

fied with." Jakes was the third East bloc leader to fall from power in five weeks. All were hardliners who resisted the reforms instituted by Soviet President Mikhail

Gorbachev. In the shakeup, seven members lost their seats. In addition to Jakes, those ousted included Gustav Husak, Alois Indra, Karel Hoffmann and ideology chief Jan Fojtik — all of whom were directly responsible for the Soviet-led crackdown on the "Prague spring" reforms of

Although Husak lost his seat, he retains his title as president for now.

Premier Ladislav Adamec also lost his politburo seat, meaning a new premier will likely be named soon. The seventh politburo member removed was Frantisck Pitra.

By a Jordan Times Staff

Writer with agency dispatches

AMMAN — His Majesty King Hussein and Egyptian Preside Hosni Mubarak exchanged views Saturday about efforts to bring about an Israeli-Palestinian dia-

The Jordan News Agency, Petra, said Osama Al Baz, political adviser to Mubarak, handed King Hussein a letter from the Egyptian leader dealing with "the special stage regarding exerted efforts to secure a Palestinian-

Israeli meeting." The King gave Baz a message to Mubarak "that included his opinion regarding these efforts and his evaluation of all the facts

related to them," Petra said. The King's message also contained an assessment of the developments in Lebanon and other major issues in the region, Petra

The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Tuesday delivered its response to a five-point plan proposed by U.S. Secretary

of State James Baker for Palestinians and Israelis to meet for their first formal face-to-face

The PLO's answer was given to Egypt. Israel has provisionally accepted the Baker points but insists the PLO must be excluded from the talks which it says must deal only with the Zionist state's plan for Palestinian elections in the occupied West Bank and

Gaza Strip.

The PLO insists on having the right to form a Palestinian delegation from inside and outside the occupied territories for these talks, that the joint dialogue should have an open agenda and that they lead to an international peace conference.

Jordan has said it will back the PLO in whatever it sees best to realise its aims.

Israeli Vice-Premier Shimon Peres said Saturday that Israel should invest in helping new im-migrants instead of holding onto the occupied Gaza Strip warning that the deadlock in Middle East

Peres also said on army radio that his Labour Party may resign from and topple Israel's coalition government unless peace talks were soon started with Palesti-

King, Mubarak review peace efforts

If Israel showed more flexibility in U.S.-backed Middle East peace efforts, talks with Palestinians could begin "in a matter of weeks or months," Peres added.

Peres accused Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir of the right-wing Likud bloc of failing to move forward in resolving the Palestinian problem.

He referred to Shamir's 10-day visit to the United States, France and Italy which ended Friday, saying: "The prime minister's tripdidn't change the situation. If you will, it emphasised that what some people thought were clouds gathering before the storm, are in fact the shadows that come in the

"The map has to be read cor-rectly... if the Likud remains obstinate as before, we will barely be able to sit together," he

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Newly-elected President Elias Hrawi was

locked on a collision course with

army chief Michel Aoun after

sacking him as interim premier

Saturday and forming a recon-

ciliatory government to end 14

Slain President Rene Muawad

was buried as stores, offices and

businesses closed for a nation-

wide day of mourning in both

eastern and western areas in a

Hrawi, 64, dismissed Aoun's

interim military cabinet before

dawn and formed a national unity

government with members from

Lebanon's seven major sects to

The new government under

Prime Minister Salim Al Hoss

was appointed eight hours after

Hrawi was elected president in a

late-night parliament session at a

Hoss' cabinet is to oversee im-

plementation of an Arab League-

brokered plan to introduce poli-

tical reforms aimed at ending the

civil war, which has killed more

than 150,000 people. Aoun re-

Muawad, 64, was slain

Wednesday by a remote-control-

led bomb in west Beirut just 17

days after he was elected presi-

dent. Twenty-three others also

Aoun said Hrawi's election was

"as unconstitutional as that of

Muawad. Both have been elected

"They should have waited to

find out who killed Muswad be-

fore appointing a new president,

were killed in the blast.

under Syrian occupation."

he said in a statement.

hotel in Chtoura in east Leba-

try to end the civil war.

non's Bekaa Valley.

iects the accord.

rare display of national unity.

vears of civil war.

wake of despair."

added."If the national unity government stands in place, it will have no place."

Peres, who has repeatedly said

he would resign over lack of movement in Middle East diolomacy, did not elaborate on his current threat. If he resigns, the government could fall and this would likely bring early national elections which are scheduled for

The shaky Labour-Likud coalition was forged after inconclusive national elections to parliament last year. The parties differ over what "concessions" Israel should make the Arabs with Labour favouring territorial compromise. and Likud objecting to giving

back any land. In the interview Peres also hinted at a longstanding Labour party proposal that Israel break the Middle East deadlock by granting "autonomy" unilaterally to Palestinians in the Gaza Strip.

The government must advance towards peace and (economic) growth. Between holding onto the Gaza Strip and absorbing

Hrawi, Aoun

20,000 troops in the Christian

enclave, comprising east Beirut

and the hinterland to the north.

He said his cabinet remained the

immigrants from the Soviet Union and Ethiopia, absorption comes first," Peres said. "We have to decide real priorities, not

illusory ones. "Gaza isn't territory, Gaza is Arab population, which to maintain we need a lot of means. It costs a very high price," he added. "Just because some party waves the banner of not giving up one inch, does this mean we have

to do the world's silliest things?" Regarding American efforts to arrange an Israeli-Palestinian dialogue about an Israeli elections proposal for the occupied territories," Peres said:

"In my opinion it is possible to reach the opening of dialogue with Palestinians in a matter of weeks or months. This also depends on us, not only us, but also on us.'

Shamir acknowledged on his return Friday that his elections plan had hit some obstacles. But he said on Israel television that "despite the difficulties this process will in the end be carried out

King hails election of Lebanese president

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein said Saturday the election of Lebanese President Elias Hrawi demonstrated that Lebanon was capable of overcoming its crisis.

"Your election at such a critical time in the country's history reflects the Lebanese people's adherence to their country's unity and sovereignty on its national soil," the King told Hrawi in a congratulatory cable.

wish you all luck in your noble mission and I pray to God sought to create a constitutional that unity, peace and security vacuum there," Majali said.

return to Lebanon," said the message, carried by the Jordan News Agency, Petra.

Information Minister Nasouh Al Majali, in a statement given to Reuters, described Hrawi's election as a decisive step to salvage Lebanon and its destiny.

'As much as we felt sorry over the loss of Muawad, we appreciate this quick action achieved by the deputies to block the road in the face of criminal parties that

Sharif Zeid briefed on AMF study on Jordan

AMMAN (Petra) — Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker was Saturday briefed on a study conducted by the Arab Monetary Fund (AMF) about the monetary market in Jordan during a meeting with AMF Director General Usama Al Faqih in the presence of Central Bank Governor (CBJ) Mohammad Sai'd Al Nabulsi.

The two sides reviewed cooperation between the AMF and Jordan. Fagih said the study, which was conducted in cooperation with the World Bank, sheds light on the financial market's trend in Jordan and will be published at the regional and international levels, outlining investment

prospects in the Kingdom. Sharif Zeid commended the AMF's work in matters related, especially in drawing up economic strategy for the Arab World to help bring about economic integration.

Minister of Finance Basel Jardaneh also discussed with Faqih means to develop Jordan-AMF relations and a programmes for financing Arab trade as well as exchange of expertise with regard to spheres of developing AMF functions and future activities.

Sai'd Nabulsi, discussed with Faqih Arab countries' contributions to cosolidating AMF capabilities and role in Arab and international markets.

Israeli jets raid **PFLP-GC** position

days Saturday and dropped de- Lebanon, police said. layed-action bombs that exploded as rescuers dug through the rubble, police reported.

At least two guerrillas were wounded when two F-4 Phantom fighter-bombers fired six rockets into the Popular Front for the

CHTOURA (AP) — Israeli war- Command (PFLP-GC) base at planes rocketed a Palestinian Sultan Yaqoub in the southern base for the second time in three end of the Bekaa Valley in east

The raid came only hours after Lebanon's parliament elected Elias Hrawi as president to succeed Rene Mnawad, assiassinated in Beirut Wednesday only 17 Liberation of Palestine-General days after he had been elected.

OCCUPIED GAZA (Agencies) — A Palestinian shot dead by Israeli troops in June had his third funeral overnight, sparking clashes around his Gaza Strip home during which soldiers shot

as the kidnapper of American social worker Chris George, was shot dead by troops June 28, five days after George's release. Soldiers buried him secretly in

a "terrorists" graveyard in the West Bank until relatives petitioned the Israeli supreme court for the body to be moved to a public cemetery near his home in the Jabalya refugee camp. On Nov. 8, military authorities

told Abu Nasr's family they could collect his body for reburial but the second funeral came to a gruesome halt when mourners opened the coffin and found a headless, armless corpse with

Relatives said they could not be sure the body was that of Abu On Saturday relatives told tigators, had been returned and

20 mourners. demonstrations by Jabalya youths Saturday morning. Troops shot and wounded three stone-throwing protesters, witnesses said.

Nablus some 150 Palestinian

local residents said. the march troops shot and

only legitimate government.
The 54-year-old soldier, a led by Aoun's army, said his participation must first be Maronite like Hrawi, was named approved by his party's politburo.

to head an interim cabinet by former President Amin Gemaye Sept. 22, 1988, just before Catholics and Armenians also Gemayel's six-year term expired were represented in Hoss' govwith parliament unable to elect a

But Muslims rejected Aoun's appointment, leading to the em- town of Zgorta, church bells rang ergence of two rival cabinets and scout bands struck slow drum ing for power.

It was not clear how Hrawi and Hoss would go about removing Aoun to head off final partition of the country. Aoun commands the lovalty of a cohesive army that stands as the country's mightiest fighting machine.

But his troops are outnumbered and outgumed by the Syrians, who have 40,000 soldiers controlling 70 per cent of Lebanese territory under a 1976 Arab League peacekeeping man-

Hoss, a 60-year-old bankerturned-politician, was prime minister-designate under Mnawad. He is prime minister and foreign minister in the new government. He retained Druze leader

Walid Jumblatt as public works minister and Shi'ite Muslim militia chieftain Nabih Berri as minister of electrical and water resources. Berri also was given the housing and cooperatives port-

Hoss introduced George Saadeh, leader of the right-wing

Falange Party, Lebanon's largest Christian politican force, into the new government as minister of post and telecommunications.

But Saadeh, a Maronite based in the Christian enclave control-

The Greek Onthodox, Greek

In Muawad's northern homebeats as his flag-draped coffin inched through weeping crowds on a gun carriage.

Weeping women, all clad in black, tossed roses and waved from balconies. Muawad's wife Nayla, his daughter Rima, 24, and son Michel, 17, walked sobbing behind the cortege.

A 21-gun salute was fired as Muawad's coffin was put into a crypt at St. Mary's Church where it will remain until completion of a tomb at the cemetery. Arab League envoy Lakhdar

Ibrahimi, architect of the Lebanon peace plan worked out in Saudi Arabia last month, was among the mourners walking behind the gun carriage. Dressed in a black suit and tie.

Ibrahimi looked haggard after his overnight journey from Paris to Zgorta via Damascus and did not respond when a woman yelled at him: "Why didn't you protect

Hrawi said after taking office Friday: "I extend my hand to

(Continued on page 3)

Clashes erupt in Gaza after midnight funeral condition, hospital staff said. Observers linked the Nablus

Nasr and refused to bury it. Renters that the missing parts, retained by Israeli forensic invesand wounded three demonstra-Mohammad Abu Nasr, named Abu Nasr buried again near Jabalya in a midnight ceremony limited by military authorities to

News of the burial sparked

In the West Bank town of

women marched in protest at killings of Arabs by Israeli forces,

In clashes that erupted after wounded two Palestinians. One was shot in the eye and in serious

march to the Nov. 3 killing of Palestinian Aiman Al Ruzeh in an Israeli raid on a house where he was hiding out with other members of his "Red Eagles" group. In nearby Kufr Kalil village residents said that Jewish settlers

tried during the night to set alight a storage depot for bottled gas. Villagers said they put out the fire before it reached the gas and the settlers fled in a mini-bus,

firing in the air as they went. Israeli army radio said troops raided homes in and around the

arresting at least 60 Palestinians and seizing an unspecified number of weapons. Palestinians said a curfew was clamped on Tulkarem refugee

West Bank town of Tulkarem

(Continued on page 3)

ded a public confession from Guenter Mittag, a former member of the politburo expelled from the party and under inves-

tigation for misrule, and others suspected of wrongdoing. A central committee official said 200,000 of the 2.3 million members of the party had resigned since the end of September

as large pro-democracy demon-

E. German party loses one-tenth of membership strations forced the party onto a path of reform after 40 years of

"About 70 per cent were workers," the official, Heinz Mirtschin, told the party daily Neues Deutschland.

The East German party has always touted itself as being in the vanguard of the working Neues Deutschland said the

news was no surprise but deepened alarm among those still in the party that it could be about to collapse under the strain of reform and investigations into abuses of power and corruption. Roland Woetzel, the Leipzig district first secretary, told party

members in East Germany's

second biggest city that the party

needed "a new programme, new charter and maybe even a new name," if it was to lose its reputation for inflexibility. "In any case we need a total renewal as a socialist people's

party. We must... fight for a majority, take part in coalitions or (even) work in the opposi-tion," Woetzel said. Hungary's Communists changed their name to the Socialist Party in early October to shore

up their sagging image in the run-up to free elections scheduled for the first half of 1990. But analysts believe a name switch would not be enough to rescue the East German party and feel it might split openly into

orthodox, reformist and social

democratic factions at an

emergency congress next month. Egon Krenz, the reformist party chief who ousted elderly hardliner Erich Honecker last month, has reversed decades of repressive rule by opening the borders for travel, unmuzzling the media and promising free elections.

But a poll released Friday

showed only 9.6 per cent of East Germans backed Krenz and 31 per cent supported the party as a In another of a string of public

appearances aimed at narrowing the divide between party leaders and the people, Krenz strolled through cental Leipzig Saturday shaking hands and inquiring about local problems.

"The people strode up to him, seeking information," the official

said Krenz was asked how he would "remedy the desolate situation of the economy" and whether "those guilty for this misery will be punished." In an interview with Neues

Deutschland, Werner Eberlein the politburo member probing corruption in the party, said all those guilty of abusing power and privileges would face punishment, regardless of their previous seniority.

Eberlein's remarks suggested for hobbling

that Mittag, blamed for hobbling East Germany's economy with bureaucracy before being dumped from the polithure in October, would not be the only former senior official to be

New Lebanese president gets international support

NICOSIA (R) - Arab and foreign governments tulations to Hrawi and Bahrain's welcomed the swift election of new Lebanese President Elias Hrawi and renewed calls for peace following the assassination of his predecessor.

"Your election is proof that those who (killed) President Rene Muawad failed to block the way to peace," Syrian President Hafez Al Assad said in a telegram to Hrawi after the vote by the Lebanese parliament Friday.

The congratulations from Damascus, the main foreign power broker in Lebanon, were followed by meassages of support from foreign as well as from other

U.S. President George Bush urged all Lebanese to unite behind Hrawi, a Maronite Christian who faced immediate opposition from military commander Michel Aoun, who controls the Falangist

"Those who do not (support Hrawi) will only isolate themselves further from the Lebanese people and the international community, House spokesSaudi Arabia issued a state-

ment expressing "full backing for the step taken by the deputies to maintain Lebanese legitimacy and continue reconciliation

Riyadh helped to draft an Arab-sponsored peace plan which Muawad, who was blown to bits by a bomb in Beirut Wednesday after just 17 days as president, was trying to imple-

The pian aims to end 14 years of fighting by giving more political power to Muslims. troops from Lebanon.

The Arab League's U.N. ob-server, Clovis Maksoud said in New York that Hrawi "deserves all the support that the international community can provide." Algerian President President Chadli Benjedid cabled congra-

Emir, Sheikh Isa Ibn Sulman Al Khalifa, said he hoped the election "will achieve the Lebanese people's dreams for security, sta-bility and peace."

Newspapers in Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates also hailed There is no alternative to

him," said Kuwait's Al Watan paper. "He is legality for his people, the Arabs and the

But media in Iraq, Syria's archrival in the Arab World, reported Hrawi's election without comment.. Iraq has supplied Aoun with weapons in the past. Britain said it welcomed Hra-

lead to the rebuilding of the country free of foreign forces. Iran's Tehran Times said the Lebanese conflict would not be solved as long as the president had to be a Maronite, as specified

wi's election and hoped it would.

in the peace plan. The paper, quoted by Iranian News Agency IRNA monitored in Cyprus, said in an editorial that

Bomb on board Saudi Jumbo fails to explode

NICOSIA (R) — Saudi Arabia said a loose wire saved one of its airliners, carrying more than 300 people, from a time-bomb planted on board.
"God willing, the connection

wire was loose and the timing stopped," Saudi Arabian airlines said in a statement carried by the official Saudi Press Agency Saturday.

The aircraft, carrying 343 passengers and crew, made an emergency landing at Karachi, Pakistan, after authorities in Islamabad said they received a telephone warning of bombs on

Karachi police said they had arrested three Pakistani passengers. No other details were given. The airline spokesman, who was not named, said the person who warned of the bomb asked for \$15 million.

However, the airline said the warning was contained in a letter and made no reference to a telephone call.

There was no immediate explanation for the discrepancies. "Security employees received a letter that a bomb and a terrorist to detonate it are on board and requested payment of \$15 million to be placed in three bags in places in Islamabad," the airline

"It was an absurd demand. Nobody carried such a big amount tended to tell bombers aboard the plane that cash had been paid. Some Pakistani newspapers

nggested the incident was a failed attempt by suicide terror-ists others said it was a bungled \$15 million extortion attempt.

The Boeing 747 was flying from Islamabad to Riyadh Thursday night when the warning was received. The pilot was ordered to land at Karachi and the plane was surrounded by ambulances and firefighting teams as passengers were evacuated.

The Jumbo Jet was searched and two sticks of dynamite weighing four ounces (110 grammes) found in baggage, police said. A detonator made from a cigarette lighter, matchbox and batteries was also discovered.

Bombs have been planted in Sandi Airline offices in Karachi several times during the past three years, killing two people and causing extensive damage.

Saudi targets have also been attacked since the kingdom last September executed 16 Kuwaiti pro-Iranian Shi'ites convicted of being involved in bombings of the annual Muslim pilgrimage in Mecca during July.

A Pakistani pilgrim was killed

and 16 Muslims were wounded. In a televised confession one of the bombers said he obtained the explosives from the Iranian embassy in Kuwait. Iran denied

round the clock," said a police official in Karachi, adding that it Iraqi defence minister

Shanshal arrived in Bahrain to this Gulf island since a ceasefire came into force in the Iran-

Shanshal as saying on arrival his visit was aimed at boosting cooperation between the two nations' armed forces.

The Saudi Arabian-led alliance also groups Qatar, Kuwait, Oman and the United Arab Emi-

financial and banking activities with Bahrain monetary agency Governor Abdulia Seif, the news agency said. The meeting was attended by Bahrain's Defence Minister Sheikh Khalifa Ibn Ahmad Al Khalifa.

Bahrain and Iraq upgraded a joint economic committee to ministerial level earlier this year. In September the two countries signed an agreement aimed at boosting financial, commercial

MIDDLE EAST NEWS BRIEFS

Kuwait defence minister in Cairo

CAIRO (R) — Kuwaiti Defence Minister Sheikh Nawaf A Ahmad Al Sabah, on his first official visit to Cairo, praised Egypt's arms industry Saturday and called for further military cooperation. "Egyptian-made weapons were tested in Kuwait and experts said they match weapons made by advanced nations," Sheikh Nawaf told reporters after talks here with his Egyptian counterpart General Youssef Sabri Abu Taleb. Egypt hopes to boost sales from its arms industry, the most advanced in the Arab World, to Gulf Arab states with which ties were restored two years ago. Kuwait, which was attacked by Iran several times during the 1980-88 Gulf war, installed the Egyptian-made Amoun Air Defence System earlier this year. The order was signed shortly before the Gulf ceasefire. Kuwait has also purchased Egyptian-made armoured personnel carriers and industry sources said more than 150 have been delivered so far. "We did not only buy the weapons because they are Egyptian but because they are good... The aim behind my visit is to discuss military cooperation and ways of developing it," the Kuwaiti minister said.

Gulf seeks ways to recycle garbage

JEDDAH (AP) — Arab experts met Saturday to find ways of recycling the Gulf's garbage. "If economically used, garbage can become a source of income to consolidate national economy," said Prince Majed, governor of Mecca province. He mangurated the two-day seminar, the first of its kind held in the Saudi Arabia. It was attended by representatives of Arab economic institutions and research centres. The seminar was sponsored by the federation of the Arab Gulf Chambers of Commerce. Joddah Municipality and the Jeddah-based Islamic Development Bank. It will discuss disposal methods, ways of utilising garbage and funding recycling schemes. Jeddah's mayor Khaled Abdul-Ghani, said the amount of waste per head of population in Saudi Arabia was "more than anywhere in the world, including Europe." He also stressed that the Gulf region lagged far behind Europe and other industrialised regions in recycling garbage. He said more than 87 per cent of the garbage produced in the kingdom was disposed of as unused waste, with only a small portion turned into fertiliser.

Fundamentalists face trial in Morocco

RABAT (R) - Twenty-four Islamic fundamentalists are due to stand trial in Morocco Tuesday charged with illegal activities, a spokesman for their movement said Saturday. The spokesman for the Al Adl Wa Alibsane Islamic Movement said they were accused of belonging to an unauthorised organisation, possessing documents threatening state security and holding unauthorised meetings. No government comment was immediately available. The Al Adl Wa Alihsane spokesman said the trial would be held in Taroudant, an old city in the Souss Valley in south Morocco. He said the group, who included six professors or school teachers, were arrested on orders from the local governor, Taieb Sheraa, at private homes where they were holding discussions. The spokes-man said dozens of other members of the movement had been arrested in the last five weeks in various parts of the country, including Tetuan in the north, Casablanca and towns and villages in the south. Most of them were released after interrogation, he said, but six had disappeared and their families had no knowledge of their whereabouts.

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Iran invites U.N. human rights envoy

UNITED NATIONS (R) — Iran, the subject of critical U.N. human rights reports for the past five years, has for the first time invited a U.N. investigator to visit the country, an Iranian source has said. No date has yet been set for the visit. The invitation was contained in a letter from Iranian U.N. representative Kamal Kharazi to the U.N. Human Rights Commission's special representative on the situation in Iran, Reynaldo Galindo Pohl. In his latest report published earier this month, Galindo Pohl, a law professor from El Salvador, said politically motivated mass executions took place in Iran last year. He also said that of more than 900 executions officially announced by Iran during the first five months of 1989, mostly for drug trafficking, many were also alleged to have been politically motivated. A spokesman for the People's Mujahedeen of Iran, staunch opponents of the Tehran government, said the invitation to Galindo Pohl was a ploy to avoid stronger condemnation by the U.N.

Akhbar Ai Yom's photographer dies

CAIRO (AP) - Mohammad Abdul Rahman, chief photographer for the state-owned Akhbar Al Yom publishing house, has died of a heart attack. He was 58. Abdul Rahman, a military officerturned photographer, served in the 1950s in the army's public relations department and later in the office of then-commanderin-chief, Field Marshal Abdul Hakim Amer. Abdul Rahman lost his right arm in an explosives training accident. For several years he was editor of the armed forces magazine before leaving the army to become a professional photographer, using his left hand. Abdul Rahman is survived by his widow and one daughter.

Ethiopia to expand Asab Port

ADDIS ABABA (R) — Ethiopia has launched a \$71 million expansion programme to increase the cargo handling capacity of Asab. its main port on the Red Sea coast, a spokesman for the Ethiopian Maritime Authority said Saturday. The five-year project - funded by the African Development Bank, the European Investment Bank an the World Bank - envisages the construction of a container terminal and a multi-purpose jetty able to berth two large container ships. It will increase Asab's cargo handling capacity to 1,500 tonnes per day, from 1,000 at present, and allow up to 12 ships to dock at one time, as against eight now. The spokesman said the new container terminal would be able to handle 42,000 twenty-foot equivalent units (TEU's) per year. Ethiopia's other main port is Masawa, further north on the Red Sea coast, which serves Eritrea province. But Masawa's overland links with the rest of Ethiopia have been cut by the country's civil war.

Only the brave seek Lebanon's presidency

ter violence of Lebanon aly the brave aspire to the job of president.

Since the country plunged into civil war 14 years ago two such men have been blown to pieces — the latest last Wednesday — by professional

Maronite Christian Rene Muawad, 64, was assassinated in mainly Muslim west Beirut by a remote-controlled bomb just 17 days after taking office. Seven years earlier, a president-elect was murdered before he could take up office. Other, lucky, politicians

have survived several attempts on their lives, while determined assassins have defeated security measures taken by

Even among Lebanon's paruamentary deputies, hailed overseas for their courage in meeting to elect a president, some were not willing to take that particular risk and run for

"My wife told me if I run for the post, she would ask for a divorce," one deputy, who refused to be named, was quoted

as saying. Deputy Pierre Helou, widely considered to be front runner for president, withdrew from the race. He said he did so because of pressure from his family which did not want him to risk his life.

Underscoring the dangers of Lebanon's political life, hundreds of Syrian and Lebanese troops deployed in the eastern town of Chtaura Friday to guard 52 members of parliament meeting to elect deputy Elias Hrawi as successor to Muawad.

Motorists and pedestrians were not allowed to move through the area.

Journalists were allowed inside the hotel only minutes before the start of electoral session. Security men carried out rigorous body searches. Cameras, taperecorders and pens were inspected for fear of

Some Muslim extremists as well as the powerful Christian army commander Michel Aoun strongly oppose the Arab peace plan under which the president was being elected. Aoun scornfully dismissed Muawad as a Syrian puppet and then termed the election of Hrawi "a comedy".

Security fears have driven most politicians into armoured limousines. Most are always escorted by bodyguards and tight security measures are taken around their houses. But the assassins many times

manage to reach their targets. Military experts say they get through because they are professionals who used advanced methods to accomplish their

"Streets were cut off and emptied during his (Muawad) moves, but who could have bomb would be placed inside a store at the highway," said one security expert. Soldiers and bodyguards

no sectarian government would be able to end Lebanon's civil

French President Francois Mit-

terrand Saturday sent a low-key message of good wishes to Hrawi.

"I send you my wishes of suc-cess in your great mission and a message of friendship from the

people of France to the Lebanese

people, in the hope that they will

regain peace in unity and recon-ciliation," Mitterrand said.

Mitterrand has personally led

France's effort to focus interna-

tional attention on the civil war in

Lebanon, which France ruled be-

His message appeared guarded and in sharp contrast to France's

enthusiastic approval of Muawad when he was elected on Nov. 5.

in sending a message of good

Egypt's support to the brotherly

Lebanese people in their crisis..."
President Hosni Mubarak said in

a message carried by the national

Midle East News Agency.

wishes to Hrawi.

Egypt joined other Arab states

"On this occasion, I reiterate

tween the two world wars.

guarded Muawad's residence in Beirut, chosen for the fact it was only 50 metres from the main headquarters of the 7,000 Syrian troops who police the Western sector of the capital.

Roads were closed around the apartment which was shielded by steel sheets and bullet-proof glass and Muawad car, blown apart Wednesday, was armoured and escorted by police cars. In 1982, president-elect

Bashir Gemayel was killed when a bomb destroyed a three-storey building over his head. Like Muawad's body, that of Gemayel could not be recognised until well after the explosion because of severe

Gemayel's body was identified by his wedding ring.

in Bahrain for talks BAHRAIN (R) — Iraqi Defence Minister General Abdul-Jabbar Saturday on his first reported visit General' Shashal discussed Iraq war in August last year.

The Gulf News Agency quoted

General Shanshal's visit is at the invitation of Bahrain's Crown Prince Sheikh Hamad Ibn Isa Al

Bahrain is a member of the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) which geneally supported Baghdad during the

Hopes flower for unification of North and South Yemen **SAUDI ARABIA** OMAN ~ SOUTH YEMEN YEMEN Sea Gulf of Aden. **D**įibouti SOMALIA 300 ETHIOP

> The federation would have one currency, one capital, one flag and a supreme court.

South.

said, would "help local govern-The legislature would have two houses: One with seats distri- ment units exercise power in all buted by population, the other parts of the federation."

tion of snarp position entire

Py Talia Chakmakjien

Nice SiA = 7 1 u.5 ag

bopes have flowered in the past few weeks for unification North and Loute Years There is no guarantee and the latest of many unity efforts will

progress beyond argument about how to take the first step. But each government is studying fresh proposals from the other to abolish an unloved and poorly-

marked frontier that cuts through a region of recently discovered oil Changes sweeping the Communist World have meanwhile

reached South Yemen. "Aden's perestroika," as it is locally called, has brought freer travel, greater religious toleration, pledges of a fresh approach to human rights and better rela-

bours like Saudi Arabia. If nothing more, the new look in Aden has made more plausible the dream of unity between the South's three million people and the North's 10 million.

tions with conservative neigh-

The regional press is buzzing with speculation that a major announcement may be made next attend the South's Independence ; celebrations in Aden. The two countries — the Peo-

ple's Democratic Republic of Yemen in the South and the Arab epublic of Yemen in the North share the coast and fertile highlands of the Arabian peninsula's south west corner.

The North gained independence after Turkey's Ottoman Empire collapsed during World War I.

protected sheikdoms to the east. South Yemen's leaders

ence struggle with a strong leftist dogma. Until President Haider Abu Baker Al Attas and the ruling Socialist Party began their reforms this year local upheavals had changed the faces but not the

North Yemen's monarchy was toppled in 1962 by army officers who drew inspiration and support mainly from the Arab nationalism of Egypt's Gamal Abdel Nasser. A seven year civil war ended with a broadly conservative com-

The strategic port of Aden, near the entrance to the Red Sea, was a British colony until 1967, linked with a string of British-

emerged from their independ-

Thursday when the North's presi- promise marred by bloody lead-President Saleh, in power in

Sanaa since 1978, has brought stability and takes aid where he can get it, from East, West and the oil states of the Arab Gulf. Tribal and religious leaders retain strong unofficial powers but

new roads, modern communications and the movement of mig-rant workers to and from the Gulf have been opening up a land which was long one of the most isolated in the world. Western diplomats consider

the North's elected parliament a lively and fairly representative institution — a sharp contrast with the party-controlled politics of the South. North Yemen's closest allies are Egypt, Iraq and Jordan, the

other members of the ninemonth-old Arab Cooperation Council (ACC). Both governments have long declared that Yemenis are really one people, but they have never

been able to agree on how to make dream reality. The most concrete measure achieved so far was agreement to develop border oil fields as a joint

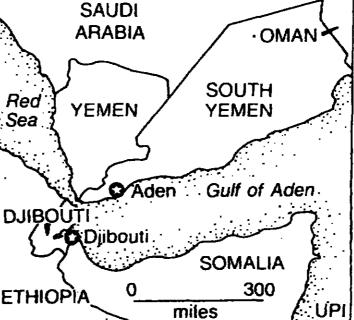
that unification will in the end make it unnecessary to decide who owns which wells. The London-based Arabic newspaper Al Hayat said Monday the two sides still differed on how to take the first step.

It said Aden rejected Sanaa's proposal and is suggesting a fed-eration with a unified parliament and cabinet.

The South's Socialist Party said Thursday: "The Central Committee, after studying proposals presented by both sides, sees that the practical and possible step which should be taken at this time is finding a formula for a transitory period of unification...'

The committee suggested that the best way for building a united state"is through the democratisation of political and social life, which will guarantee the parti-cipation of the broadest masses of the people and their repre-

According to the Sanaa weekly "26 September" Friday the North's proposal calls for the people of both states to become citizens of a Yemen Republic with a federal leadership controlling defence and foreign policy.



with equal seats for North and Federal authorities, the weekly

JORDAN TELEVISION

Tel: 773111-19

PROGRAMME ONE

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13:40 PTOgramme review
15:45 Children programme
17:16Football
18:89 News summary in Arabic
18:05 Local programme
18:20 Cultural programme
10-00 Taral programme
19:00 Local programme
19:40 Programme review
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28:39 Arabic series
21:39 Programme review
21:40 Local programme
22:49 Varieties programme
23:60 News summary in Arabic
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PROGRAMME TWO
17:30 Loft story
18:15 L'ecole de fans
19:00 News in French
19:15 Silence on Tourse
19:30 News in Hebrew
19:45 Varieties programme

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Bulletin supplied by the Department of Metcorology.

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JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

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USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Dr. Adnau Zaghloul Dr. Sa'id Abu Hatab

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Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

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By Nermeen Murad Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The race for the

speakership of the Lower

House of Parliament has been

narrowed down to three cardi-

dates as Deputy-elect Hussein

Mujalli withdrew from the race

at the end of what he described

as "deliberations and not

actual candidacy." The three

remaining candidates are

Sulaiman Arar, Yousef Mbai-

tic bloc was formed at a meet-

ing held at Mujalli's home

According to Fakhri Kawar

an Amman deputy-elect and

press spokesman of the bloc, a

meeting held Friday did not

produce a decision on whom the

bloc will support as a candidate

for the speakership, but a deci-

sion was reached "not to

nominate anyone from within

Kawar told the Jordan

Times that negotiations with

common position.

Meeting studies KG projects, training for women in Mafraq

MAFRAQ (Petra) — Heads and directors of community centres operated by the Queen Alia Social Welfare Fund (QAF) in the Mafraq region began meeting here Saturday under the patronage of Her Royal Highness Princess Basma to review expansion programmes for kindergartens. vocational training for women and exploitation of home gardens to produce food. Four working papers were reviewed by the parficipants, who also discussed problems encountered by the community centres in the region. Addressing the opening seasion, Princess Basma, chairperson of the QAF's board of trustees, underlined the importance of such gatherings, "which open the door for an exchange of views on the best possible means of providing service to the local community and to study future

The QAF is pursuing efforts to promote socio-economic development and seeking to respond to the needs of the local population, the Princess said. Due concern should be given to the children's development through expanding kindergartens and children's sections at the

Also, local women should be enabled to take part in constructive and income-generating pro-jects, and help supplement their income, she said.

According to the director of QAF's community centres department, the Mafraq meeting would be followed by others dur-ing which QAF directors and local heads of community centres can exchange views on ways of promoting rural development.

Mafraq Governor Fayez Abbadi was among officials attending the meeting.



HRH Princess Basma

120 educational supervisors train

AMMAN (J.T.) — A United Nations-sponsored workshop started in Amman Saturday to train 120 educational supervisors working for the Ministry of Education on matters related to health education in schools and to help spread such education at the primary level.

Jordan is the first Arab country to introduce health education of the development of local communities as a whole," Abraschool curricula, a project of immense value to the children and one which will be discussed in detail at the international conference for Education for All, which is due to be held in Thailand in March of 1990, said Sarojini Abraham, deputy director of the Middle East and North Africa regional office of the United Nations Children's Fund (UN-

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ICEF), at the opening session. UNICEF and the World Health Organisation (WHO) are co-sponsoring the six-day workshop in cooperation with the Ministry of Education in Jordan.

"Training personnel to supervise the implementation of this programme is of immense value

him told the meeting. Education Minister Adnan Badran, who spoke at the beginning of the meeting, said Jordan takes pride in being the first Arab country to implement such project for elementary grades, a project carried out in cooperation with UNICEF and WHO. He said the ministries of health and social development are also tak-

the project, which is aimed at providing health for all people by the year 2000 through improving the standard of living among various communities and through health awareness, education and

The Ministry of Education has set up a national committee and a technical team to help implement the programme and has worked out a procedural plan for elementary schools, according to Badran. He said the committee had prepared a guidebook for teachers in the first elementary classes, which will be explained during the workshop sessions.

Ministry of Education Director of Curricula and Educational Techniques Dr. Ahmad Hiyasat

ministry and UNICEF held meetings in Amman in July of this year and endorsed the teacher guidebook on health education and also agreed on organising the Amman workshop.

He said participants would be oriented to their role in spreading health education in schools and on the various common health problems in Jordan.

Apart from the participants, representatives from WHO and UNICEF as well as the Queen Alia Social Welfare Fund (OAF) and the Armed Forces Cultural Department, and the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) are attending the workshop sessions.

behind-the-scene speakership race tinuing but that a final decision was not expected "until Sun-

Arar, Mbeideen remain ahead in

day evening or maybe Monday morning." He pointed out that the bloc had not placed much emphasis on the issue of speakership as a decisive point "although it is very important because there are many issues of importance for us to discuss in Parliament

and we do not want to appear

to be taking sides against or with any one grouping in the House," Kawar said. deen and Laith Shbeilat. Mujalli, former president of "We hope to upgrade the the Jordan Bar Association standard of the House and the and deputy-elect from Jerash, told the Jordan Times that he level of discussion and open "will support the candidates channels for dialogue with which represents my thinking everyone," he said. so we will be able to take a

On the other hand, Shbeilat conceded that his chances at winning the race for speak-ership "are not good," but In another development, deputies-elect Qassim Obeidat vowed to continue in the race and Fawzi Shaker Tuaimeh have joined the "democratic until the last day. bloc" raising the number of its "I want to clear my conscimembers to 16. The democra-

ence so that no-one would come back and ask me why I did not run for this office,' Shbeilat told the Jordan Times in a telephone interview. Asked if the speakership would impose limitations on

his participation in discussions on the House floor, Shbeilat said: "The speaker of the Lower House can be one of the leaders in the country if he practises his duties properly." He maintained that if the

speaker "has a strong personality, there would not be.

much open debate during the sessions of the House because many issues would be solved during meetings of the House

According to Shbeilat, the present aspirants for the speakership office, "with all due respect and honour to all, do not represent the change that the people have called for."
He added that he hopes the new Parliament will represent the new stage in Jordan and that "all the other Parliament members will stand for what they believe."

"I am an honourable MP (Member of Parliament) among other honourable MPs," he said. "I am one among equals and there should not be any need for me to be heard more than others.' But he added that if his colleagues in the House "are

not behaving properly, you will hear me." Observers believe that the race for the speakership will not be resolved in the first

round of balloting although many predict that the real race will be between Arar and Shbeilat is expected to secure a minimum of 17 votes if the democratic bloc does not reach a unanimous decision to

support one of the other two candidates, who then could only get between 29 to 33 votes each, thus falling short of the absolute majority of 41 votes

speakership in the first round of votes.

The trump card is in the hands of some members of the bloc, who will cast their vote as one bloc after they reach a decision. Arar may emerge the winner in the first round if the bloc casts its votes in his favour and balks at supporting Shbeilat in view of his slim chances although Shbeilat is seen by many as closer to the members of the bloc and their

Arar draws his support from the "independents" among the Parliament members, while Mbaideen has been declared the candidate of the Muslim Brotherhood movement although he himself is not a member.

Arar is seen by some observers as the right person for the job in view of his background as speaker of the National Consultative Council from 1978 to 1984 and his senior positions in past governments. However, these same qualities have been cited by others as

NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

JABER BACK FROM INDIA: Minister of Municipal and Rural

INTERIOR MINISTERS TO MEET DEC. 1 The Arab interior ministers' council will meet in Cairo Dec. 1. The council is expected to discuss means to bolster Arab security cooperation and integration, facilitate travel and exchange of information on crime. The council will also discuss a report on an Arab security plan. NAMMAR VISITS BAGHDAD: Arab Cooperation Council

for a meeting with First Deputy Prime Minister Taha Yassin an ACC ministerial council meeting to open in the Iraqi capital Jan 16. Ramadan on ACC matters. He will also discuss arrangements for

BOOK EXHIBITION AT YARMOUK: An annual book exhibition was opened at Yarmouk University Saturday by President Mohammad Hamdan. On display for two weeks are collections of reference books and books for children.

ANTI-PEST CAMPAIGN: A meeting held Saturday at te northern Jordan Valley region to discuss means of eliminating pests ity to extend a helpin called on Amman Municin

states are taking part in the 20th meeting of the Arab Land Transport Union (ALTU) which opened in Cairo Saturday. The two-day meeting will discuss customs matters, facilities at border posts and expanding railway transport in Arab countries.

LIBYAN ENGINEERS IN AMMAN: A team representing agricultural engineers of Libya visited the University of Jordan Saturday and met with Dr. Suleiman Arabiyat, dean of the Faculty of Agriculture, who outlined agricultural development in Jordan. The team and Arabiyat discussed scopes of cooperation between the faculty and Omar Al Mukhtar University in Libya and the exchange of books, publications and scientific research work.

Nassereddin Al Assad said in a statement Saturday that only graduates of community colleges in the 1989-1990 academic year can benefit from the prospect of following up their studies at Jordanian universities. He said graduates before the current academic year do not qualify for such courses since their specialisations were not recognised by the ministry.

POETRY FESTIVAL: Jordan is taking part in a poetry festival, which opened Saturday in Baghdad. More than 1,000 poets, intellectuals and writers from Arab and foreign countries are taking part in the event, the tenth of its kind to be organised in the Iraqi

Affairs and the Environment Yousef Hamdan Al Jaber returned to Amman Saturday after leading Jordan's delegation to an Afro-Asian meeting in India. The five-day meeting, organised by the Afro-Asian Rural Development Committee, reviewed matters related to development in Asian and African countries (Petra).

(ACC) Secretary General Hilmi Nammar is currently in Baghdad

rats and common insects. The meeting, chaired by Governor Khalaf Mahasneh, called on the Water and Irrigation Ministry to set up waste-water treatment plants in the district to help dispose ARAB TRANSPORT TALKS: Jordan and nine other Arab

STUDENT QUALIFICATIONS: Minister of Higher Education

capital.

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

- \star An art exhibition entitled "The Bine Rider" at the Goethe
- ☆ An exhibition of paintings and etchings inspired by Arabic Islamic art at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation.
- ☆ An art exhibition by artists from Jordan and other Arab countries at Al Wasiti Gallery, Plaza Hotel.
- * An art exhibition by Anway Haddadin at the Royal Cultural
- * Book exhibition at the University of Yarmouk.

BAZAAR

* Charity bazzar on productive projects at the Jordan Inter-Continental Hotel.

- ★ Film: "A Tale of Two Cities" at the British Council at 6:00 p.m.
- ★ Italian film: "Cristo si é Fermato a Eboli" at the Royal Cultural Centre at 8:00 p.m.

POETRY RECITATION

* Poetry recitation by Dr. Su'ad Sabbah at the Palace of Culture



Princess Majda honours hotel for support of disabled people

AMMAN (J.T.) - The staff of the Amman Plaza Hotel were honoured by Princess Majda, president of the Al Hussein Society for the Rehabilitation of the Physically Handicapped and president of the Society for the Care of Neurological Patients, for their distinguished role in promoting the cause of disabled people in

for the benefit of the neurological patients and handicapped in

The princess and Chief Cham- Ammam Plaza Hotel.

The Princess presented a gol- berlain Prince Ra'd Ben Zeid den cup to the staff and said it accompanied Her Majesty Queen was a token gift in recognition of Noor in participating in the 24the Plaza Hotel's sponsorship of a kilometre march along with charity march which took place in several members of the diploma-Amman Nov. 17 to raise funds tic corps in Jordan and a large number of citizens.

> This year's march was the third of its kind to be organised by the

Crown Prince Award experts discuss strategy

Prince Award programme for the young, Saturday began a five-day symposium to work out plans for future activities and means of developing the four-year-old pro-

Minister of Education Adnan Badran, who stood in for His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan at the opening session, said the Crown Prince Award is designed to promote the potentials and skills of young Jorda-nians and to help them develop their talents and their capabilities through voluntary and cultural

The Crown Prince Award programme when it was initiated in 1984 only involved 45 young participants. Their number has now reached 1,000 male and female youths taking part in various activities, according to

Samar Kildani, the award's trips around Jordan.

AMMAN (Petra) - In the

course of the Kingdom's celebra-

tions of His Majesty King Hus-sein's 54th birthday, British

Ambassador to Jordan Anthony.

Reeve Saturday opened a charity

bazaar of handicrafts produced

under a programme supervised

by the Urban Development De-

partment (UDD) with contribu-,

tions from the British embassy

UDD Director-General

Hisham Al Zagha said in a speech

that the three-day bazaar was

AMMAN (J.T.) — A group of experts and officials involved in aim and nature of these activities the implementation of the Crown for which she said, the contestants receive gold, silver and bronze medals.

The current symposium, Kilda-ni said, is aimed at orienting supervisors and coordinators of programmes in new techniques to improve the skills and promote the potentials of participants and to chart new programmes.

Five workshops will be established over the coming five days in which the participants will discuss skills, services, sports, and other youth activities with the help of two British experts in these fields, Kildani said. The Crown Prince Award was

established along the lines of the Duke of Edinburgh Award in the United Kingdom in 1956, she

She said that the young participants in the programme carry out social and voluntary services and involve themselves in recreational and sports activities and go on

Three-day UDD charity crafts bazaar opens

designed to encourage Jordanian

women to produce more with

programmes organised by UDD

been involved in providing decent

homes to limited and low-income groups and setting up community

centres where women can meet

and cooperate in handicraft work

that would increase their families'

are integrated units providing va-

rious types of activities for hous-

The UDD community centres

"Since 1980, the UDD has

community centres.

income," Zagha said.

3 killed, **122** hurt in road accidents last week

AMMAN (J. T.) — Three people were killed and 122 others were injured in 243 road accidents which occurred in Jordan in the past week, according to a statistical bulletin issued by the Public Security Department (PSD).

The bulletin said the accidents

involved 56 vehicles knocking down pedestrians and 140 collisions. The total number is less by 27 than accidents registered in the previous week, the injured were less by 19 and the death toll was less by one, it said. The main reason for the acci-

dents in the past week, the statement said, was excessive speed. The PSD Saturday embarked on a month-long vehicle inspection campaign to ensure that all vehicles are roadworthy and t at they are well-equipped for the winter.

ing estates set up by the depart-

The first UDD community cen-

tre had nine women participants,

now reaching 700. Each woman

earns an average of JD 25 month-

ly from her contribution in hand-

ment, he added.

Qweismeh,

and preparing trained and technical expertise of employees enrolled in projects related to rehabilitation of the handicapped in the Arab countries, according to an initial agreement reached Saturday by Ministry of Social Development Secretary-General

tion (ILO) expert.

The project is designed to develop the training expertise of training programmes, and to expand rehabilitation programmes.

Nations (U.N.) Social Develop-ment branch in Vienna Mohammad Sharif and the head of the handicapped section at the same branch. The discussions dealt with various spheres of activities including women projects, re-habilitation of the handicapped, the opportunity of technical cooperation and exchange of information in these fields, as well those in charge of projects related as spheres of cooperation and to the handicapped, to develop possible aid to Jordan.

Clashes erupt in Gaza

(Continued from page 1)

camp, nearby Nur Shams camp and parts of the Tulkarem town. craft work, mostly embroidery, according to Zagha.

Zagha said UDD community On Friday, a bottle bomb made with gunpowder and a candle was centres taking part in the bazaar found outside the home of a were located at Joseh, Rimann, surgeon who transplanted the Wihdat, Nuzha, Prince Hassan heart of an Israeli soldier into a district, Marka, Ruscifa and Palestinian.

A group of right-wing Jewish extremists claimed responsibility. In other incidents Friday, troops shot and wounded 17 Palestinians, including a nine-year-old and two 12-year-old

ideologies.

drawbacks since they "do not represent change.

A few independents are expected to cast their votes in favour of Mbaideen to avoid voting for Arar on personal or ideological differences, but that small number will be divided if some of them decide to vote in favour of Shbeilat or opt to cast blank ballots.

Malaria conference to study measures to fight the disease easy to use," Minister of Health all points of entry to the King-

AMMAN (Petra) — A World Health Organisation (WHO)sponsored regional conference on ways of fighting malaria opened in Amman Saturday with delegates from 14 Arab and foreign

Working papers focusing on experiments in South Yemen, Pakistan and Jordan to stem the disease will be reviewed by the participants, who will also discuss measures to deal with malaria as part of an allout effort to achieve the WHO's target of health for all by the year 2000.

"Despite strenuous efforts to eliminate malaria in Jordan, the country has a long way to go and the need is now greater than ever before to find modern medicine for patients and more effective vaccines, which are not costly and

and Social Development Zuhair Malhas said in a speech at the opening session. "Over the past 20 years, Jor-

dan has been closely cooperating with the World Health Organisation in an intensive programme to stem malaria that has been endemic in Jordan, and it was thought that we overcame all difficulties and reached our goal," the minister said. But, he said, "the way is full of obstacles since malaria continues to appear despite the use of various types of medication and germicides."

The Ministry of Health is following an integrated programme in cooperation with WHO to curtail malaria, and has set up health units for this task at airports and malaria on a large scale.

dom, according to Malhas.
"It is hoped that the 1990s or

the beginning of the 21st century will witness the development of effective vaccines that can provide immunisation for people against this contagious disease, Malhas said.

WHO representative in the Near East region Dr. Abdul Majid Abdul Hadi paid tribute to governments using prevenuve measures within their primary health care programmes to eliminate contagious diseases in general and malaria in particular. Abdul Hadi expressed hope that the conference would contribute to the establishment of standard measures to be followed Near East region to combat

Hrawi, Aour.

(Continued from page 1)

added that the march for peace

is capable of wiping out whoever

Parliamentary sources said it was not known if all 14 would

accept their posts in what Hrawi

had promised would be a

"national reconciliation" govern-

Hrawi said his administration

was dedicated to implement the

Arab peace pact for Lebanon.

The pact preserves the presidency for a Christian but reduces

his powers in favour of a Muslim-

out for the funeral of Muawad.

itual head of the Maronite com-

munity, presided over the funeral

service and Papal Nuncio Paolo

Ponte read a message from Pope

A longtime friend of Muawad,

Hashem Husseini, 74, a Sunni

Muslim parliamentarian, fainted

during the services. Attendants

tapped his chest as they hastily

carried him out, but he later

in a national day of mourning

schools, banks, businesse

shops, movie houses and cafes

Patriarch Nasrallah Sfeir, spir-

About 100,000 people turned

cooperate with every ! "

stands in its way."

led calainet

John Paul II

recovered.

..without any exception...

Customs authorities detain two smugglers

AMMAN (J.T.) — The customs authorities Saturday announced the detention of two smugglers of foreign-made cigarettes following a "hot pursuit" in Amman during which firearms were used by customs officers that resulted in the death of a customs officer. according to a statement by the prosecutor's office.

The officer was killed by a stray bullet fired by one of his colleagues during the chase, which took place last Thursday, the statement said.

The Department of Customs said the chase took place near the Seventh Circle of Jabal Amman where the smugglers surrendered and an unspecified quantity of

smuggled cigarettes were seized

AMMAN (Petra) — The Minis-

from their car, which was also

The department gave the name of the dead customs officer as Subhi Tawfiq Al Abbadi.

Also Saturday the military court announced several sentences on a group of drug smugglers and traffickers, including two Syrians and two Saudi

The court sentenced the smugglers to prison terms ranging from three to 20 years with hard labour and payment of up to JD 15,000 in fines.

Two of the convicted were sentenced in absentia. The court fined five Jordanian merchants JD 30 to JD 300 for violations of supply regulations.

Ministry to train staff for handicapped

try of Social Development will be solely responsible for developing Sqour also held a meeting with Assistant Director of the United Dr. Mohammad Al Sqour and an International Labour Organisa-

boys, during clashes with masked activists and stone-throwing protesters in three refugee camps in the Gaza Strip, reports said.

were closed in every major city and radio stations in Beirut played somber music. No one has claimed responsi bility for killing Muawad and as in countless previous assassinations in Lebanon, there seems to be no likelihood that the culprits will be found or brought to jus-

Bulldozers have erased whatever chies or fingerprints were left on or around the scene of the slaying. There has been no word of any investigation and no arrests have been made.

One Lebanese bomb expert told Reuters of Muawad's death: "A very cold blooded person pressed the button of the remote control from a place not more than 300 metres from the explosion site, at the very second Muawad's own ca: passed...," he said.
"Despite all the security me-

asures that can be taken, if they want to get you, the will... nothing can protect you in Lebason except God."

By Dr. Fahed Fanek

Jordan Times

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Dirty politics

THE TRUE colour of Israel's two main political parties, Labour and Likud, is shining more clearly than ever over the issue of the Basic Law - human rights - which is currently under consideration by the Knesset. Both parties have decided to play dirty politics with the subject of human rights in Israel and offered to kill its passage in the Knesset if that would ensure their ascendancy to power. What adds insult to injury is the fact that human rights legislation of all legislations is the one particular basic law that separates the "developed" from the "developing" countries. And as Israel constantly parades itself as the only living democracy in West Asia, the decision of its two principal parties to play politics with the subject of human rights should cast a very somber shadow on its preposterous claim that it has a monopoly on pluralism and democracy in the Middle East.

The Basic Law in question simply purports to incorporate the main feature of international human rights instruments, especially those that aim to eliminate any form of discriination among nationals on the basis of religion, race, ethnic origin or political views into Israel's body of laws. It is amazing that Israel has not yet adopted such basic human rights, given its boast of being part of the so-called "free world" and an organic part of the Western heritage. And even at this late hour, the Israelis cannot reconcile themselves to the need to eliminate discrimination among their ranks. Thus, all the wheeling and dealing that go on among Israel's main religious parties, which are the arch enemies of the Basic Law in question, and the leadership of the Likud and Labour parties, portray a clearer picture of the inner character of Israel as an entity established on an edifice devoid of the essential ingredients of human rights that are universally recognised.

No wonder then that it is so difficult to argue common sense propositions with Tel Aviv, including those related to the suffocated peace process. How can a country like Israel, which rejects basic human rights and their application to its own people, be expected to honour and recognise human rights when they are invoked on behalf of the Palestinian people and the rest of the Arabs, including those who are Israeli citizens? Had Israel been a truly democratic country fully committed to the universal cause of human rights, it would not have been possible for it to deny basic human rights to others. Perhaps the first order of business, then, should be to inculcate the respect of human rights in the minds and hearts of the Israelis before any serious attempt is made to resolve the Arab-Israeli conflicts on the basic of human rights and internationally recognised legitimacy.

JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'l Arabic daily Saturday discussed the opening of Parliament which will take place on Monday when His Majesty King Hussein will deliver a speech from the throne. The paper said that with the speech, Jordan will resume the democratic march which the King had promised his Jordanian family before the elections of Nov. 8. There is no doubt that all Jordanians realise the immense task the Parliament has to face and the numerous challenges standing in the way of the nation; and therefore, everyone expects the legislative and the executive authorities to closely cooperate in the process of serving the people in all matters, the paper noted. One would also expect the deputies to be realistic that they cannot honour their pledges made to the electorate overnight, the paper added. The speech from the throne will be directed to all sectors of the people, the government and the new deputies in parliament, and would no doubt serve as a guideline for all those wishing to cooperate in serving the country and its people, said the paper. As we look forward to the opening of parliament and the speech from the throne, the paper said, one cannot help feeling proud of the democratic life in the Kingdom and the unity of the Jordanian people.

A columnist in Al Ra'i Arabic daily attack the United States government for its support and assistance to the Salvadorean government which, he says, is maintaining a rule of repression against the people of El Salvador. Tareq Masarweh says that Washington pays nearly one million dollars daily to the govern-ment in Sal Salvador to finance its battles against the rebels which has been going on for the past 10 years. Last Monday Washington approved of a \$715 million fund for the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) which in turn finances such wars in America, in Afghanistan and elsewhere around the world, says the writer. Washington, he notes, carries out these operations in the name of democracy, but in fact it causes untold sufferings for the people of the Third World; and it is indeed supporting unlawful and undemocratic entities. The writer cites as examples of such wars, the conflicts going on in the Gulf, southern Sudan, and Libya, let alone Israel which is being armed to the teech to carry on its repression against the Palestinian people. Masarweh particularly cites the murder by Salvadorean government troops of six Catholic priests a week ago, and says that the United States government should be held as accomplice to that murder.

Al Dustour daily newspaper Saturday discussed the situation in Lebanon following the tragic death of President Rene Muzwad and the election of his successor. The paper said that there can be no future for Lebanon without its territorial unity and sovereignty; and the recognition of the right of its people to live in unity and harmony. The paper said that the election of a new president in Lebanon reflected the Lebanese people's determination not to succumb to terrorism and not to give attention to anything except Lebanon's highest national interests. It seems after all, said the paper, that the Lebanese people are re-organising their ranks behind the legitimate and lawful government and its president, ready to redress their wounds and have a fresh start towards reconciliation and peace.

Sunday's Economic Pulse

Privatisation revisited

PRIVATISATION, as an economic policy, was introduced to Jordan since the second half of 1985. Too much was said but very little or nothing was done to carry out this policy. Privatisation ran into trouble and faced formidable resistance. The government failed to sell the idea to the people. In fact it did not try wholeheartedly to do so, and the public opinion did not buy the idea, which was badly presented as a made in-USA-policy to hand out public assets to greedy sharks, and to make the rich richer and the poor poorer.

In order to launch a privatisation programme, the government has to minimise its intervention and promote market economy, withdraw from activities that are not compatible with the public sector, and denationalise public units starting with touristic, manufacturing and service enterprises.

In effect Jordan had two major administrations during the last 12 years. While the first was against the private sector, the second was for the public sector. Only lip service was paid to the private sector, while the actual conduct of business ran in the opposite

For some reason, the government did not make a logical start

with privatisation. It started the building from the top down, by addressing the ceiling before the walls, let even the foundations. The first targets on the hit list were the largest corporations, such as the Telecommunication Corporation (TCC), the Royal Jordanian Airlines (RJ) and the Public Transport Corporation (PTC).

The targets were too big to be practical. It is an irony that the government was heavily involved in running hotels, newspapers, bakeries, and small industries, while talking loudly about privatisation of TCC, which would have made Jordan the fifth country in the world to privatise telecommunication.

Privatisation starts as a conviction resulting from observing the inefficient management and decision-making of the public sector. But once the concerned politician is himself in office, the public sector decision becomes his own decision. Why should he voluntarily give up his economic and financial powers? Such powers enable him to give and take at his discretion, something that is obviously translated into political power that enable him to reward friends and supporters, and punish adversaries.

Privatisation is still a valid policy. The public sector does not deny lack of efficiency. In addition it now lacks resources and cannot shoulder the responsibility of the future growth and

development efforts. The private sector on the other hand has idleresources in the form of capital savings, unemployed manpower, and underutilised capacity. Therefore, it is the private sector that can fill the gap, invest, and create more goods and services for local and export markets and more jobs for the unemployed. Whether or not the private sector will actually become aggressive and act, depends on the political stability and

The cause of privatisation in Jordan was not fortunate. It got a negative image because it was advocated by unpopular governments or by foreign powers as a foreign policy instrument.

However, to reject privatisation for the above reasons only would be like refusing human rights for the same reasons.

Central planning is definitely superior to market economy, but only on paper, when the assumption is that planning will be practiced by knowledgeable officers, fully motivated by the public interest. However, in the real world central planning and

interest. However, in the real world central planning and bureaucratic control are assured prescriptions for corruption and mismanagement. The market is admittedly imperfect, but bureaucracy can lead to disaster.

1989 — tumultuous for many

By Laura King The Associated Press

THE POLITICAL firestorms of 1989 were ignited in the streets of Berlin and Beijing, on battle-fields and in ballot boxes, by free choice and brute force, in open elections and behind closed

The shock of the new reverberated from the superpowers to the timest of nations. Some seekers of change won out. Others quietly put their hopes on hold. And some died in the trying.

Names known to only a few as the year began were suddenly the stuff of headlines. Tadeusz Mazowiecki in Poland. Wu'er Kaixi in China. Votes gave voice to others: Peruvian peasants, Japanese housewives, Namibian tribespeople.

The players in the world's political dramas were reformers and refugees, students and statesmen, the old guard and the new wave. They broke down walls and built new nations. They seized the moment; they bided their time. In Lebanon, the civil war raged

on amid further political violence. President Rene Muawad was assissinated Nov. 22 in West Beirut, 17 days after he was elected with a mandate to try to end Lebanon's civil war.

"He fell a martyr of peace, a martyr of Lebanon's unity and national reconciliation," Prime Minister-designate Salim Hoss

In Eastern Europe, the year started quietly enough, but by its end, observers grouped for superlatives to describe a dizzying scries of events. For a time, it seemed every day brought some undreamed-of breakthrough.

A onetime political prisoner, Solidarity's Tadeusz Mazowiecki, became Poland's prime minister, in the region's first non-Communist-led government in four decades.

East Germany, seeing its lifeblood drained as thousands fled West, replaced hard-line leader Erich Honecker. Then it threw open its borders, punching holes in the hated Berlin Wall.

In Czechoslovakia, huge crowds took to the streets to press for more change. Hungarian Communists disbanded their par-

By Barry Moody

ROME — Shock waves from the

political earthquake in Eastern Europe are vibrating through Ita-

ly's Communist Party, the biggest

in the West, and threaten to

The party central committee

held a divisive, stormy meeting in Rome this week to discuss a prop-

osal by leader Achille Occhetto

to drop the Communist name and

the hammer and sickle emblem

and forge a new, Social Democra-

tic group that would join the

both to the upheaval in Eastern

Europe and to a steady decline in

the fortunes of his party, which

has been excluded from power

for 40 years despite being Italy's

second largest political grouping.

But his proposal was greeted by howls of protest within the 1.7

million-strong party and could provoke a schism between tradi-

tionalists proud of the Commun-

ists' widely respected history in

Italy and a new guard of "young colonels" faithful to Occhetto.

About 50 party protesters yelling betrayal, including some old

women on the verge of tears, picketed the start of the central

committee meeting and screamed

The switchboard at Communist

Party (PCI) headquarters was

jammed with calls from bewil-

Demanding an extraordinary

party congress as soon as possi-ble, leftwing party veteran Pietro Ingrao told a tense, packed ses-sion of the 400-member central

"A bitter question is raised

committee and leadership.

dered grass roots members.

abuse at Occhetto supporters.

Occhetto, 53, was reacting

Socialist International.

shake it apart.

ty and prepared for free elec-tions. Even Bulgaria, a staunch holdout against change, shoul-dered aside its longtime party chief Todor Zhivkov.

Sinatra doctrine

The Kremlin took a hands-off approach, going so far as to joke about its "Sinatra doctrine," for Frank Sinatra's signature song 'My Way.'

The doctrine, however, did not apply to autonomy-seeking Soviet republics. Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev struggled to contain independence movements in the Baltics and unrest in Moldavia, Armenia, and Azer-

In China, the bloody crackdown on pro-democracy demonstrators was witnessed by millions of television viewers around the world. But the power struggles of its top leaders went on largely in secret, yielding only cryptic clues. At year's end, Chinese senior leader Deng Xiaoping had given up his last party posts but remained the principal power.

In Japan, scandals and an un-

popular sales tax shook the ruling party. Prime ministers Noboru Takeshita and Sousuke Uno were sent packing, but through it all, the country's economic engines hummed smoothly as ever.

George Bush was inaugurated as the 41st U.S. president. And American voters also elected a black governor for the first time, in the state of Virginia, and New York City elected its first

South Africa, with a new president, modified radical segregation policies that made it an outcast among nations. Although F.W. de Klerk spoke of bringing the black majority into the political process, he stopped well short of promising them a full voice in government.

Mobile voting stations

In the territory of Namibia, which South Africa had held for 74 years, voters elected an assembly to write a constitution and make the country independent. Helicopters served as mobile voting stations in some remote vil-

about whether the sense of this

operation is essentially... a dec-

laration of death of Commun-

ism... I dissent from this valua-

tion and I will fight so that it does

Party members say an extraor-

dinary congress to decide on

Occhetto's proposals is likely ear-

Ingrao said Occhetto had made

no contacts with other groups who might join a broad leftwing

grouping and added that a new course for the party had not been

The emergent Greens had

already rejected the idea and

other groups appeared unwilling to join the Communists, Ingrao

Another leftwing veteran, Giancarlo Pajetta, said the issue

was a vote of confidence on

Occhetto "and I cast my no

A newspaper opinion poll

showed 50 per cent of PCI mem-

bers questioned rejected a change

of name and 33 per cent thought the changes would cause a perma-

Cnore (Heart), a satirical weekly published by the party Organ L'Unita, showed one man

throwing away a hammer and

properly thought out.

ly next year.

Upheaval in East

Communist party

shakes West's biggest

Palestinians defiantly marked the anniversary of their declara-tion of statehood, but were still

ing in the Israeli-occupied territories entered a third bitter year. Jordanian women for the first time cast ballots and ran - unsuccessfully — for office. Muslim fundamentalists, running on a platform of strict Islamic pre-

cepts, won the biggest bloc of parliamentary seats in the first general elections in 22 years. The death of Iran's Ayatollah

Khomeini, and the election of Hashemi Rafsanjani as president, paved the way for a more con-ciliatory stance towards the West. But it was too soon to tell whether that would translate into Iranian help in freeing Western hostages in Lebanon. In Afghanistan, Muslim rebels

were unable to topple the Moscow-backed government of President Najibullah following the Soviet military withdrawal. In Latin America, more na-

tions were holding free elections and installing civilian governments. But violence was widespread. The government of Panama's

military leader Manuel Antonio Noriega annulled elections after observers said the opposition had won overwhelmingly. Noriega, whom the United States longed to dislodge, also survived a coup attempt by members of the Panama defence forces.

In El Salvador, some of the worst violence of the 10-year-old civil war flared in November, six months after President Alfredo Cristiani took office. The Salvadoran government, which relies heavily on U.S. aid, was under pressure from Washington to investigate the massacre of six Jesuit priests during the fighting. Nicaragua's Sandinista govern-

ment, in power for a decade, agreed to hold national elections in February 1990. President Daniel Ortega suspended a cease-fire with the U.S.-backed contra rebels, but the two sides were holding talks aimed at restoring the truce.

In Colombia, the assassination of presidential candidate Luis Carlos Galan set off a government crackdown on drugiords. who responded with bombings

got the same shape as a

The Italian Communist Party,

which built its strength during the

guerrilla struggle against fascism, has been Italy's second biggest

group for the whole postwar period and in the 1970s

threatened to overtake the domi-

At its peak in 1976 general

It has been able to rely on a

highly disciplined rank and file,

especially in "red" Emilia in a

central Italy, the party's stron-.

The PCI also prides itself on its

independence from Moscow and

founded the "Eurocommunist"

movement in the 1970s, attacking

Soviet policy in Afghanistan and

Poland. It condemned the 1968

Warsaw Pact invasion of Czechoslovakia.

But voters have gradually be-

come distillusioned by the party's automatic exclusion from govern-

ment despite its size and by its

failure to keep pace with the

At the same time the Commun-

newly affluent face of Italy.

elections the PCI grabbed nearly

nant Christian Democrats.

35 per cent of the vote.

Voters in Peru, though, defied death threats by Maoist-inspired without a homeland. Their uprisguerrillas to vote in municipal

elections, a prelude to the next year's presidential balloting. In Paraguay, Gen. Andres Rodriguez overthrew military leader Alfred Stroessner and was elected president three months later in what he called a transition to democracy.

Chile scheduled a presidential election in mid-December, the first in nearly two decades. Brazil was holding its first free presidential elections since 1960, and in: Argentina, one democratically elected government handed off to another for the first time since

In Western Europe, govern-ments and citizens alike pondered the changing political landscape in the East and looked ahead to 1992, when European Community members planned to drop trade barriers among themselves. Spain's Prime Minister Felipe

Gonzalez remained in power although his party lost some ground in national elections. But Norway's first female prime minister, Gro Harlem Brundtland, lost ber post. Italy installed its 49th postwar government, and Greece struggled to form a new government after the defeat of scandal-plagued Premier Andreas Papandreou.

In India, the world's largest democracy, polls pointed to trouble for Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi's Congress Party on the eve of three-day general elections in late November.

Sri Lanka's Ranasinghe Premadasa began his presidency with a call for an end to the civil war between ethnic Sinhalese and Tamil extremists, but none was in

Vietnam withdrew what it said were the last of its troops from Cambodia, where three resistance groups took renewed aim at the Vietnamese-installed government after a peace conference in Paris failed to bring a political solution.

Burma, which crushed pro-democracy protests in 1988, kept a tight lid on dissent. Elections were promised for 1990, but top opposition leaders were under house arrest.

ists have been undermined by the growing strength of Socialist leader Bettino Craxi whose political skill has enabled his centrist party to steal their votes and lay claim

The Communists slumped to 22 per cent in local elections in 1988, their worst result for 35 years. The gap between them and the Socialists narrowed to four points compared with 25 per cent a sickle while another commented: decade ago. "That's risky. Can't you see it's

Occhetto, appointed immediately after that disaster to modernise the party's appeal, managed to stop the rot in European elections last spring, pushing the Communist share up

to 28 per cent.
But he fears that the party risks being left behind by the speed of change in the East which could make it look like a Western anachronism as even Warsaw

Pact parties change their image.
"The fall of the Berlin Wall changes the problems facing us.. every fall (of an Eastern Bloc regime), every new development shows us to be right," Occhetto

In an opening address to the week-long central committee he said the "dispersed and submergedforces of the left" must unite, but be rejected cooperation with

The party could not stand still "We must leave behind an existence which too often has made us appear immobile, more rigid than reality," he said.

But Occhetto's gamble could

close him the leadership - he is reported to have threatened to resign if his plan is not accepted - and cause a disastrous split in the party.

All passions meet at hill

All the passions that have kept Jews and Muslims battling for decades meet in one 14 hectare (34-acre) rectangle of land in the beart of Jerusalem.

very holy place was taken from us by occupation," said Gershon Salomon, "We are going to take back a place promised to us by Salomon's Jewish organisation

is the Temple Mount Faithful, dismissed as fringe extremists by Israeli officials. But they realise its potential for stirring religious encroachment on their land.

"If anything happens to Al Agsa Mosque there will be no peace at all," said Ahmad Al Alami, the son of the mufti of Jerusalem, Sheikh Sadeddin Al Alami. "You are attacking the whole Muslim world."

stone for a Jewish temple on the mount prompted the mufti, the highest Muslim official in the city, to call on the faithful to protect

Authorities blocked Salomon's group from the site, which holds the Dome of the Rock and the Al Aqsa Mosque, but the attempt prompted the Jerusalem Post newspaper to warn in an article headlined "stop this madness" that someone might destroy the Muslim shrines.

lical associations with the arid billtop in the old city of Jerusalem, believe Prophet Mohammed rose to heaven from the rock. Their monuments date to shortly after the seventh century Muslim conquest.

lier. Here stood their first temple destroyed by the Babylonians in 586 B.C., then the monumental second temple that was levelled by the Roman army during the Jewish rebellion in 70 A.D.

form survived, including the western "wailing wall" that has been a focus of Jewish reverence through the centuries.

Bank in 1967, Israel confirmed continued Muslim control of the mount, considered the third most sacred site in Islam. Rabbis indirectly maintained

must not enter in case they step on the ancient site of the holy of holies in the second temple.

the temple mount." Salomon's aims, as Palestinians

suspect, have as much to do with nationalism as religion. The person who holds that will hold the

The soft-spoken academic sees of the Palestinian presence. His hostility to Arabs remain-

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM -Nowhere are the rival claims to

this ancient land clearer. The tiny mount is sacred to both Muslims and Jews, a conflict, that runs much deeper than mere political dispute.

You must understand this

passions among Palestinians already angered by steady Israeli

the sacred area.

The claims of both Muslims and Jews are rooted in ancient religious traditions.

Muslims, besides sharing bib-

The Jewish claim is even ear-

to leadership of a united Italian Only the second temple plat-

After Israel's occupation of East Jerusalem and the West

the status quo by placing warnings over the narrow gateways into the compound that Jews "The problem is a political

problem, not a religious one," Salomon said in an interview. " believe that very soon, this government or another, will decide they must change the situation on

the golden Dome of the Rock rising over Jerusalem as a symbol

ing in the area of "biblical Israel" is rooted in personal experience. An ancestor was stabbed to death by an Arab in 1848 - he refers to

him as the first Zionist casualty. In a battle in 1958 on the Syrian

By Jack Redden Renter

border Salomon himself suffered near fatal wounds that forced years of recuperation and left him with a permanent limp. Salomon says sharing the li-

mited space of the mount with the Islamic shrines would be impossible — they want precisely the same spot — but he does not specify how it should be cleared for the "third temple." Other Israelis have been less

restrained. In 1985 authorities arrested a group plotting to blow up the shrines — an explosion that would have been echoed by Muslim rage.

Armed Israeli police and unarmed Palestinians guard the compound but they know there is always a danger that someone could evade the security. Salomon himself is convinced that his call for the "liberation" of the mount reflects the desire of most Israelis.

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"Everyone in this country feels what we feel," Salomon said in the study of his house, built on land captured in the 1967 Middle East war. "The only question is over the time."

The combined opposition of Moslims preserving a sacred site, group to lay a symbolic corner- of their presence and Israelis preserving peace are dismissed with messianic certainty. "I don't think they can stop us.

No one can stop it," the silver-haired Salomon said. "It is the will of God, the will of history."

LETTERS Biased reporting

To the Editor:

AT a time when the press; in Jordan is clamouring for freedom of speech, freedom of reporting, equality with the foreign press etc., it is regrettable to still read biased and one-sided reporting in the local press, undermining the very aspirations and demands sought after. Before asking for freedoms, the press must demonstrate its impartial, responsible and unbiased reporting of events and, in addition, cease to insult and belittle the intelligence of its

A case in question was an article which appeared in a weekly Arabic paper on Nov. 16, 1989. an instance of biased and onesided reporting if ever there was one and if it can be called journalistic reporting at all.

The article, on the Cyprus problem was being passed off by the paper as a "new report on the Cyprus problem."

However, any reader of average intelligence, on reading this so-called "report", will realise that it is nothing but a "press release" issued by one of the parties involved in the problem, and certainly, no report.

It is no shame for a newspaper to lean towards the view point of any one party to a conflict or issue. Many prominent foreign papers are openly biased towards a movement, political or otherwise, an ideology etc., and honestly admit it. At least, the reader is forewarned. But to pass off an article such as that appearing in the Arabic paper as a report, is the hight of journalistic unprofessionalism and an affront to the intelligence of the readers. As the old saying goes: "You can fool all the people some of the time and some people all the time, but you cannot fool all the people all the

Edward Ledger P.O. Box 120

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Dolphins slaughtered in the Mediterranean

By Clare Pedrick

ROME - During the summer, visitors to large stretches of Italian coastline were greeted by a gruesome sight — the carcasses of scores of dolphins, often mutilated beyond recognition. The mammals were casualties

of a new fishing technique that has sparked loud protests from the a conservationists worldwide. Using giant nylon nets imported from Japan, Italian fishermen have forsaken traditional methods and begun to scoop up thousands of tons of swordfish. In the space of just two years, Italy has become the Mediterranean's largest producer of swordfish. with an annual catch of 13,000

The stakes are high. In 1988 the 700-vessel Italian fleet pulled in a catch of swordfish estimated to be worth 200 billion lire (U.S.\$143 million). In the process it caused the deaths of more than 4,000 dolphins, say marinelife experts.

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The dolphins die for nothing," said Michele Ansaldi of the Rome-based "Lega Per l'Ambiente" environmental lobby group. "They get caught up in the

nets are very cheap to buy and are so enormous that they cover huge areas of the sea. The mesh is large so the smaller fish escape, but there's no way out for the swordfish and the dolphins."

Added Pierlorenzo Florio, spokesman for the World Wildlife Fund in Italy: "When the nets are brought in the dolphins that are already dead are mutilated, in an attempt to conceal the evidence from the authorities. The fishermen cut open their stomachs and fill them with bricks and rocks to send them down to the bottom of the sea. The ones that are still alive have their tails cut off to free them as quickly as possible from the nets. The poor beasts are left to die horribly, losing blood and screaming to warn others to keep away. Their bodies are later washed up on shore. It's a pitiful sight.'

At a recent conference held in Rome, 400 international environmentalists warned that by the year 2000 there would be no dolphins left in Italian waters if steps were not taken soon to halt the massacre.

Ecology groups such as Greenpeace, the World Wildlife Fund and the Lega Per l'Ambiente

have launched a campaign to save the mammals, sending a petition to Italy's environment minister and to the European Community (EC). The petition calls for an immediate ban on the use of the killer nets. Italy's swordfish fleet is subsidised by both the Italian

government and grants from the

According to conservationists, the Italians are by far the worst offenders in Europe. "Italy alone is responsible for killing dolphins in the Mediterranean," said Florio. "We're the only country using these terrible nets on such a large scale. France has banned them altogether, and Spain has only a small fleet of 20 boats. In the Pacific Ocean, the Japanese are killing huge numbers, and about 10,000 dolphins a year are slaughtered by tuna fishermen in North American waters, but in Italy we are not so very far

Official figures show that in just two years the Italian fleet crazed sperm whales from other has acquired a total length of nets off the Italian coast. The 15,000 kilometres of swordfish nets, "That's enough to encircle, least 200 other whales died. the entire Italian coastline almost twice over," Florio noted. of the world have already made

Conservative estimates put the number of dolphins slaughtered

around 4,000, but some experts say that the figure could be far higher. A fisherman caught with a dead dolphin in his nets off the Tyrrhenian coast recently admitted that in the course of a year the average crew could expect to maim and kill 10 dolphins as they become tangled in the nets. "It's not hard to make a calculation," said Giuseppe Notarbartolo di Sciara, one of Italy's foremost experts on marine life. "If there

ating off the Italian coast, then it is reasonable to assume that around 7,000 dolphins die in this way each year." Hundreds of other large mammals are also caught in the nets every year. During the summer

are 700 swordfishing boats oper-

the Greenpeace vessel "Highlander" found three dead sperm whales trapped in a net near the island of Ustica, off the coast of Sicily. During the same period, rescue workers freed eight halfconservationists estimate that at

Conservationists in other parts some progress. In the Indian Ocean the mega-nets are banned government, locked in battle with panese and Taiwanese tuna fishermen in the Pacific, recently succeeded in having the issue tabled for discussion at the Un-

Back in Italy, the government has limited itself to blocking the licensing of new swordfishing vessels and banning the use of the big nets during the month of October. The second measure met with widespread derision. "Fishing with these nets is only

one between April and September, so banning it in October is really pretty useless," said Antonio di Natale, head of the Aquastudio marine research institute in Messina, Sicily.

The dolphin is a protected species in Italy, and the penalty for killing one is high — up to one year in jail and a fine of 6 million lire (U.S.\$4,250). But catching the culprits is difficult. Most of the fishing for swordfish takes place outside the 12-mile limit, where Italian authorities have no invisdiction.

"The fishermen are careful to bring in their nets before sailing back into territorial waters," said the World Wildlife Fund's Florio.

'Quite apart from the dolphins, a lot of the swordfish they capture are smaller than the limit of 1m 40 laid down by law. These people are hated by every other fisherman on the high seas. Their nets also cause a considerable danger to navigation, especially pleasure yachts, in the Mediterra-

The waters off the southern regions of Sicily and Calabria are the most heavily fished areas, experts say. Here, nets as long as 40 kilometres (almost 25 miles) have replaced a traditional method that used a lookout perched 30 feet up on the mast to spot the swordfish and a harpoonist ready to spear the catch below.

Meanwhile, off Italy's northwestern coast of Genoa, dolphins are facing another danger. In this part of the country, epicures like nothing better than to start off a meal with a plate of smoked dolphin. Said Florio, "Of course it's highly illegal, and happily it's not everyone that has such strange tastes, but a black market has developed to serve those who do. You can find it under the counter, at a very high price, in certain restaurants in and around Genoa." - World News Link.

S. Africa after the rally that wasn't

OFFICIALLY the African National Congress (ANC) re-mains a banned organisation in South Africa. But it is becoming increasingly difficult to reconcile this with everyday realities in the republic, especially after the mass rally staged in Soweto on Oct. 29.

South Africa's newest and largest football stadium become a sea of black, green and yellow ANC banners as about \$5,000 supporters from all over the republic gathered to welcome back the leaders recently freed after 25 years in prison.

Ostensibly the raily was organised by a National Reception Committee and given the go-ahead by Johannesburg's chief magistrate on condition that no laws were broken.

But as the South African Press Association reported, there were obvious contraventions of several laws. And to all involved, the occasion appeared to represent the de facto unbanning of the ANC despite the Law and Order Minister's earlier pronounce-

The Minister, Adriaan Vlok, said that the ANC was still a prohibited organisation, and the police would act if its aims were promoted at the rally. But at the stadium no attempt was made to disguise this fact.

The law was also defied when a message to the rally was read out from Oliver Tambo, President of the ANC in exile. According to Press reports, the gathering was the largest of its kind since the ANC was formed in 1912, and the first since its outlawing in 1960. Although the rally was well-

organised and passed off without

incident, its implications were not

lost across a broad spectrum of South African political opinion. Predictably, the right-wing Conservative Party exploded with anger and demanded the recall of Parliament for a special session. But the other Opposition party, the Democrats, praised the gov-ernment for its "increasingly democratic approach" in allowing marches and gatherings which has

A South African Council of Churches statement said the rally had proved that the State of Emergency was no longer neces-sary. Those who predicted chaos

previously been taboo.

had had to swallow their words and accept the fact that the people of South Africa were "committed to and ready for peace".

Immediate government reaction was low-keyed. Mr. Vlok said that "peaceful" protest ral-lies enabled people to texpress their political opinions. Beeld, the leading Afrikaans-language daily newspaper, also commented

But the pro-government Citizens was much sharper in its comment. It said that the hairsplitting over the exact purpose of the Soweto mass meeting could not disguise the fact that it was the first ANC rally in South Africa for three decades.

This raised the question of the ANC's status, and if the government no longer wished to maintain the present restrictions, it should unban the organisation, at least internally, the Citizen

However, the authorities are unlikely to accept this advice, given their repeated insistence that the ANC must first renounce violence. There is thus an apparent deadlock between the two

The most prominent of the seven recently released leaders. Walter Sisulu, told the rally that there could be no question of the ANC abandoning the "armed struggle" unilaterally. But this was a possibility if the government created the right "climate".

Sisulu, who is aged 77, was the ANC's Secretary-General until he was jailed. Of the party's major figures imprisoned in 1964, only the most important, Nelson Mandela, now remains in detention. The timing of his release has become such a dilemma for the government that many are asking: Who is really the pris-

Another speaker at the Soweto rally, Ahmed Kathrada, made a dramatic plea to South Africa's dominant whites. "The Afrikaaner people have accepted and identified themselves with the continent of Africa," he said. They have called themselves

Afrikaaners. We are saying to them: 'take the next step and identify yourselves with the people of this continent". Lions Features.

Cela: The writer and the personality

By Alan Riding

GUADALAJARA, Spain - To a good many outsiders, the Swedish Academy was typically eccentric when it gave this year's Nobel Prize in Literature to a seemingly unknown Spanish writer, but mention Camilo Jose Cela to his countrymen and an anecdote soon follows.

For every Spaniard who has read one of his novels, perhaps 10 have skimmed his newspaper articles and 100 have seen him on

Probably few people could name his latest book, but who recine doesn't know that he recently set up house with an attractive woman less than half his age? In Spain, at least, Cela the Personality - the sardonic iconoclast who loves to shock, provoke, anger and entertain -

looms even larger than Cela the Spaniards were proud that he won the Nobel Prize, but they

were no less amused that once again he had got what he wanted.

all in stride. He has been something of a cult figure here ever since the publication in 1942 of his first - some say his best novel, "La Familia de Pascual Duarte" ("The Family of Pascual Duarte," which will be reprinted in English this year by Little, Brown).

Now, at the age of 73, the tall portly author is thoroughly used to being the centre of attention. Were you anxious to win the Nobel, he was asked after the announcement on Oct. 19.

"No more than other writers, with the only difference that I won it," he said, adding that a cable from Gabriel Garcia Marquez, the Colombian novelist and 1982 laureate, put it best: "Now you can taste the honey of not having to aspire to the Nobel." Cela yearned for the prize, above all after he was short-listed two

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Cela himself seemed to take it

Yet beyond granting him new recognition abroad, his Nobel has also embarrassed a local cultural nied him the Cervantes prize, Spain's most prestigious literary award. And this clearly pleases

"I read a newspaper article the other day that said it doesn't matter now whether or not I win the Cervantes because it would be like giving the title of a count to a king," he said during a conversation at his home near Guadalajara.

"It's no longer worth discussing why I haven't received it." Yet the reason he has been overlooked for the Cervantes prize is widely believed to be that he supported - and fought alongside — the fascist forces

during the Spanish Civil War in the late 1930s and subsequently Certainly, it was no secret that worked briefly as a censor of some small-circulation magazines under the Franco dictatorship.

been viewed as an outsider by a Spanish literary and intellectual world that has traditionally fact, quickly displeased the dictatorship -- "Pascual Duarte" and "La Colmena" ("The Beehive") were both banned for a while, but by then Cela had become a loner. almost quixotic in his indi-

It is therefore probably no pose when he says, as he often does, that he is unmoved by what people say about him. For him, politicians, journalists, literary critics, intellectuals and most other authors - variously described as bureaucratic, stupid, opportunis-tic and mediocre — fall into the category of people who can be ignored.

Language is the instrument of the writer; he said. "Literature is the word and nothing else. The thinking of writers is in their books. In my case, that's where people should look. I don't have

This is also why he has long time to answer coffee-shop

Cela's body of work over almost half a century is considernot only 11 able, includin novels, travel books, memoirs and collectins of essays but also two particularly unusual publications, "Diccionario Secreto" ("Secret Dictionary") and "Enciclopedia del Erotismo" ("En-cyclopedia of Eroticism"), which reflect his fascination with the rich - but officially unrecognised language of ordinary Spa-

In the "Diccionario Secreto," he compiled words and phrases many vulgar, sexual or blasphemous - that are used every day but that are not acceptable in print. The "Enciclopedia del Erotismo" was in turn an anthology of erotic writings. Accused of setting out to scandalise, he retorted: "People are scandalised when they want to be scandal-

Many liteary critics, whose

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only when he appears to shock morning." richness and structure. His

themes, he says, are universal, "love, life, death, sickness, misery, the same as everywhere "A young man once said to Flaubert, "Give me an argument and I'll write a novel," Cela

recounted. "Flaubert agreed and said: Write this down. A man and a woman love each other. That's the story. Now you have to provide the talent.' That's what I think. You need patience and minimal talent."

He also agreed with Garcia Marquez's claim that he had never had to invent anything in order to write his novels.

"You just have to look around to see that reality goes beyond

fiction," Cela said. "I think it was Proust who said

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opinions Cela values little, be- that everything has already been lieve his main strength as an said but, since no one pays attenauthor is his use of language, not tion, it has to be repeated every

> does so in longhand), Cela said, he starts with a basic idea that frequently changes as he advances. "I prepared an entire synopsis of "Pascual Duarte," he recalled, "but after I had written the first chapter, I had gone off in a different direction, so it was no use at all."

Today, he has little time for anything but his own work. "Everyday I write more and read less," he said, "but I think that happens to all writers. We start by reading a lot and, as time passes, the balance changes. Anyway, I've done all the reading I need to do. I only read new books that are strongly recommended to me."

Among today's new Spanish writers, he said, he sees only two or three — he would not name them — with special talent.

of Spanish letters today remain those of writers from an earlier generation, like Torrente Ballester, Ana Maria Matute and Miguel Delibes, "who not been unseated." Cela also expressed admiration

Rather, he said, the great names

for Latin American writers, among them the Mexican poet Octavio Paz, the Peruvian novelist Mario Vargas Llosa, and the late Mexican novelist Juan Rulfo, who was a personal friend. In contrast, he dismissed the late Argentine poet and essayist Jorge Luis Borges as a writer "for the petite bourgeoisie of Spanish America.

One apparent reason for Cela's popularity is that he has an opinion for every occasion and, twice a week on a television discussion programme, he pronounces gruffly and irreverently on every imaginable subject, reserving his most caustic wit for the Establishment windmills that many Spaniards enjoy seeing under attack.

- New York Times.



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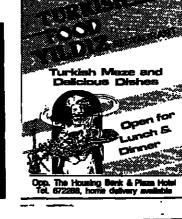




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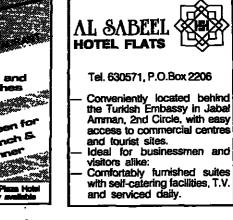
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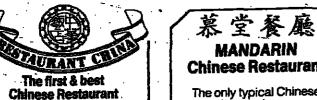
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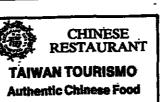






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Seminar stresses development in south Jordan

KARAK (Petra) — A two-day seminar opened at Mu'ta University in Karak Saturday to discuss various important matters related to the development of the southern regions of the 1 th with a development council set up for Ħ

Planning Minister Ziyad Fariz, ca-deputising for His Royal High-sea ness Crown Prince Hassan opened the seminar with an doress outlining the importance outhern sector of the in terms of economy and trade.

Nearly one third of the King-dom's investments in the 1986-· five year plan were allocated projects in the south, corresonding to nearly JD 1,000 million, the minister said.

The southern regions of Jordan are rich with mineral resources like potash and phosphate and they serve as Jordan's main outlet to the outside world through the port city of Aqaba in the far south, the minister added.

This seminar is part of an ongoing efforts by Mu'ta University to focus attention on the south and the work of the development council which is charged with

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Fariz told the seminar, which was organised by Mu'ta University, that the socio-economic development of the south is bound to contribute towards curtailing the problem of unemployment in the Kingdom and help reduce the Kingdom's trade deficit and adjust the balance of payment.

Mu'ta University President Ali Mahafzah paid tribute to the various organisations which helped to prepare for the seminar. He said Mu'ta University had played a serious role designed to promote socio-economic development with all available means.

Hungary proposes debt-share swap

BUDAPEST (R) — Foreign Minister Gyula Horn said Friday Hungary was interested in lightening its debt burden by cutting interest rates and offering Westerners shares in Hungarian companies.

Horn said he had raised the ideas in talks with West German Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher, who arrived in Hungary Thursday for a two-day official visit.

"Aside from reducing interest rates, in return for the redemption of debt we would like to give foreign capitalists certain shares in Hungarian companies," Horn told a joint news conference with-Genscher.

"I am convinced this would not only ease our debt burden but also help foreign investors... the size of our debt makes it impossible for the country to invest much in restructuring," he said.

Genscher gave no reaction to the proposal but said a Dec. 13 meeting in Brussels of 24 Western countries which have pledged to support reforms in Poland and Hungary would be a moment of truth which must produce con-

propie mave been so busy patting Poland and Hungary on the back that their hands have

examing to multi-party democracy after four decades of Communist rule, Hungary has

while servicag Eastern Europe's highest per

debt figures had been falsified

ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

ROME (R) — The governing conference of the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) Friday approved its two-year programme of work and a budget of \$569 million. The 158-nation supreme governing body voted 104 in favour and seven against for the 1990-1991 plan and budget presented by FAO Director-General Edouard Saouma. There were five abstentions, a FAO statement said Saouma colled the plan a "full areada of

a FAO statement said. Saouma called the plan a "full agenda of action" to face the world food and agriculture situation. The budget includes a net reduction of 25 administrative posts and an

increase of 1.5 per cent in major programmes in agriculture, fisheries and forestry. The statement said the conference expressed concern over the \$170 million in outstanding contributions,

including \$143 million by the United States, FAO's largest

EAST BERLIN (R) - East Germany said Friday the official exchange rate of its currency with the West German mark was unrealistic and proposed a drastic adjustment. Finance Minister

Uta Nickel said East Berlin was considering a benchmark rate of

4.4 East marks for one West German mark, abut she denied this

would turn the East mark into a convertible currency, which would probably mean a major devaluation. Nickel said the current c :al rate of one to one and the black market rate of

20-1 prevailing since East Germany opened its borders were both unrealistic. She said a 4.4-one rate was being considered for people wanting to buy West marks before visits to West Germany. "We would simply be levying a charge to stabilise the interplay between the East mark and Deutsche mark. This would not be called an exchange rate. Parhaps we would call it a fee,"

was quoted as saying. The government Friday introduced tougher custom: checks to stop rampant currency speculation and goods smuggling that started when the borders opened Nov. 9. The scholar activity has seen a drastic slump in the East

rrday November 25, 1989 entral Bank official rates

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E. Germany weighs new mark rate

FAO conference seals \$569m budget

capita debt. Prime Minister Miklos Nemeth told parliament Tuesday that since the 1970s and that the country was in fact more than \$2 billion deeper in the red than

previously admitted. Shortly after Horn spoke, the National Bank of Hungary detailed revised debt figures in a statement published through the

state news agency MTI.

The bank listed total hard currency foreign debt as \$19.6 billion on Sept. 30 — a jump of \$2.3 billion on the \$17.3 billion published for the end of August.

But it also said the revised figures would not affect the bank's debt service obligations and that the schedule of mediumand long-term debt falling due over the next five years would remain unchanged.

Interest payments on Hungary's hard currency debt amount to between \$1.4 and \$1.5 billion a

Hungary is seeking a three-year agreement with the International Monetary Fund (IMF), which in May suspended a stand-by credit after Hungary failed to meet budget and current account

European Commission President Jacques Delors suggested the mea in Budapest last week of a bridging loan to tide Hungary tions next spring, the country's

But he also said such a loan, for which a figure of \$1 billion has been cited, would be possible orly if a preliminary agreement

ı∴ıF. western leaders who met in Paris last Saturday agreed to urge the IMF to reach agreement on economic reforms with Hungary

and Poland by the end of this

Mn'ta University hopes to lend helping hand to the council to Dr. Sultan Abu Tayeh, who heads the university's business

execute its mission, Abu Tayeh department, said the seminar was aimed at helping the develop-ment council attain success in its added. task. Throughout its research work and surveys conducted in

Abu Tayeh told the meeting-that the participants will review the various regions of the south, 16 working papers dealing with

and ways to exploit water, phosphate, potash, transport and touirst potentials and to promote institutions involved in mother and child care, voluntary services, yuth and sports and coop-

British, Austrian trade teams discuss investments in Jordan

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan Jordanian laws which encourage Saturday urged Britain to increase its imports of Jordanian products in a bid to partially adjust the trade balance between the two countries which is heavily in favour of the United Kingdom.

The call was voiced by Mohammad Asfour, president of the Amman Chamber of Commerce, at a meeting with a British trade delegation with whom he reviewed means of developing bilateral trade ties and various economic relations.

Asfour and the visiting delegation explored possible joint projects which could be launched in Jordan benefitting from

investments and offer diversified facilities and tax exemptions.

The delegation groups repre-sentatives of British firms manufacturing glass, textiles, medical appliances, chemical products and other agricultural and industrial equipment.

Asfour later met with an Austrian trade mission which comprises representatives of 10 Austrian companies. Discussions covered investments in Jordan and the prospect of increasing the number of Austrian tourists to

Recently, Jordan and Austria

agreed to dispatch a weekly chartered plane carrying tourists to Jordan to visit touristic and archaeological sites and the city of Agaba.

According to officials here, the Austrian delegation comprises specialists in railway engineering, electric power engineering, thermal insulation systems, meat processing, industrial and mining equipment, fruit juice production as well as banking services.

According to the Jordan News Agency, Petra, Asfour briefed the visitors on medium-size projects in Jordan where Austrian firms can launch joint ventures.

Jordan, Iraq sign transport accord

AMMAN (J.T.) — Transport and Telecommunications Minister Hikmat Al Khammash has returned to Amman from Cairo where he led Jordan's side to a general assembly meeting of the Arab Maritime Bridge Company (AMBC) which discussed promoting operations along the Aqaba-Nweibeh sea-land route and tourism in Sinai and southern Jordan.

Khammash said the meeting, which ended Friday has empowered the company's board of directors to hold its first meeting in Amman early next month. The AMBC. Khammash said in a statement upon his return, aims

to expand its activities to transport a larger volume of goods and passengers; and to promote its operations among various Arab countries.

The AMBC is operated jointly by Jordan, Iraq and Egypt through a fleet of ferry boats for the transportation of passengers and vehicles as well as goods between Aqaba in Jordan and Nweibeh in Sinai.

During his stay in Cairo, Khammash held meetings with his Iraqi and Egyptian counterparts Mohammad Zubeidi and Suleiman Mitwalli, and signed an agreement with Zubeidi on the

transportation of goods and passengers by land between Jordan and Iraq.

The agreement aims to further facilitate transport between the two countries and provides for the exemption of Iraqi and Jordanian nationals from all entry fees, Khammash noted in a statement to the Jordan News Agency, Petra.

He said that under the new agreement Iraq and Jordan will unify charges on the transportation of passengers and goods and through a joint committee will follow up the implementation of the agreement and deal with any obstacles impeding its path.

'Spend money to buy stability'

PEKING (R) — China's leaders are buying stability by ensuring that several million workers forced into redundancy under unpopular austerity measures have enough money for food, a senior trade union official said.

Releasing official figures for the first time, Chen Ji of the All-China Rederation of Trade Unions, told Reuters that about two to three per cent of the industrial workforce in major cities had been sent home since last year.

He estimated this totalled "several million" workers across China who had been made redundant by factories which had stopped or cut production for lack of funds, materials and buyers.

"Some workers feel this has happened very suddenly. They don't understand," said Chen, a deputy director of the federa-

tion's central office. Chen said dissatisfaction among workers following on the heels of mass demonstrations six. months ago could not lead to the

kind of changes sweeping Eastern Europe. "No one can replace the Com-munist Party in China... Eastern Europe has different historical

conditions," he said. China's student-led protest movement, crushed by the army in Peking in June, had failed to bring out large numbers of work-

ers on strike, Chen said.
"Workers do not support chaos," he added. "China's economy has become sick, it is true.

can overcome this." austerity programme launched 15 months ago were car manufactur-

But we still have confidence we Sectors worst affected by the

textile and machinery factories and makers of consumer goods. "In Chinaw we have a saying spend money to buy stability," said Chen.

He disclosed that the government would make sure with subsidies that the per capita monthly income for families in major cities would not fall below 50 yuan **(\$13.5**).

"If we take these measures there won't be any social instability," Chen said. He described it as "big financial burden" but did not disclose the overall cost to the government.

Chen recognised that 50 yuan a month in Peking was barely enough to eat with.

Diplomats and Western businessmen backed Chen's view that industrial unrest was unlikely to erupt in China, at least in the near future, but they said effi-ciency would fall as workers ers, the construction industry, found little incentive to perform

> Striking workers would find little support in the trade union federation which is loyal to the Communist Party.

Workers interviewed in Peking have said they are being driven to the wall by the austerity mea-sures, their plight worsened by recent compulsory purchases of government bonds.

AMMAN (J.T.) — The following table summarises trading activities at the Amman Financial Market starting Saturday Nov. 18, '89 and ending Wednesday Nov. 23, '89. (Figures in Jordanian dinars). Banking and financial institutions 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 5.000 5.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 2.000 Industrial Development Bank 6264 10594 18829 9425 2,320 2.320 2.040 Housing Bank Arab Jordan Investment Bank Cairo Amman Bank 2.900 14.100 18548 14.000 Bank of Jordan 213.000 212:000 Jordan Finance House for Development Jordan Investment and Finance Bank 2.510 National Financial Investments 1.970 National Portfolio Securities Arab Finance Corporation (Jordan) Jordan Securities Corporation 2.520 Real Estate Financing Corporation Beit Al Mal Saving & Investment for Housing Insurance and reinsurance 68805 36200 Middle East Insurance 1.850 1.870 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 26531 Jordan French Insurance Jordan Insurance Arab Life and Accident Insurance Yarmouk Insurance and Reinsurance 1.900 1.500 1.320 1.550 1.620 1.760 1.450 1.270 1.550 1.620 Holy Land Insurance 6008 579 1170 Jerusalem Insurance Jordan-Gulf Insurance General Arabia Insurance National Ahiya Insurance Arab Belgian Insurance and Reinsurance...... Linited Incorpance Services and industries 1.000 General Investments. 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 Inma for Investment and Financial Facilities 25353 1.020 24616 Darco for Housing and Investment 0.600 0.390 0.670 0.870 0.630 0.390 0.670 0.870 Real Estate Investment (Aqarco) Jordan Gulf Real Estate Investment Petra Enterprises and Leasing Equipments Equipment Leasing & Maintenance/Ta*jeerco International Contracting & Investment 1.380 Jordanian Electric Power Irbid District Electricity Arab International Hotels 0.650 1..550 0.720 1.600 Hotels and Tourism United Middle East and Commodore Hotels..... Garage Owners Federation Office 4.600 4.500 Jordan National Shipping Lines 287619 2.710 2,700 Jordan Press Foundation Jordan Press and Publishing Dar Al Shaab Press, Printing and Publishing 82030 1.430 273013 5.000 5.130 2.790 4.25Q Intermediate Petrochemical Industries 2.800 4.200 396568 20430 2.690 6.400 2.510 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 3.500 2.580 108610 3,450 31200 Jordan Worsted Mills 1.000 Jordan Ceramics 3.000 1.000 Chemical Industries Jordan Industries and Match (JIMCO) Dar Al Dawa' for Development and Investment 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 2.790 1.570 12243 2.950 1.590 3.600 38148 3.590 2.790 81401-National Steel Industries 59114 2,720 Universal Chemical Industries 5,000 8.000 7.970 Jordan Lime & Brick

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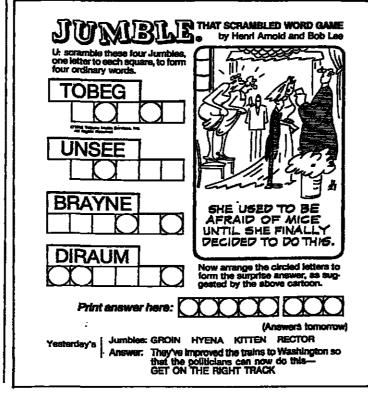
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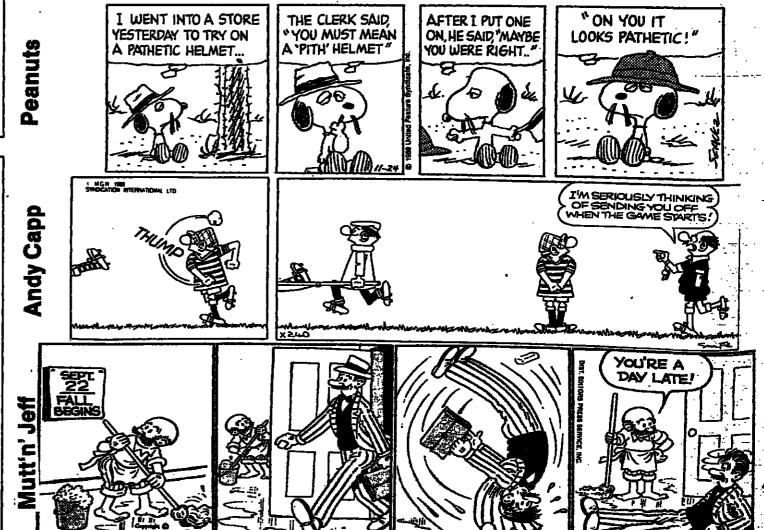
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Weekly Amman Financial Market trading

THE BETTER HALF By Harris HAPPIS 10-31 "I'm either talking to Darth Vader or someone with a bad cordless phone."





Arab Paper Converting and Trading

Arab Investment and International Trade

Jordan Wooden Industries (JWICO)

Livestock and Poultry

Jordan Pipes Manufacturing
Rafia Industrial for Plastic Bags

Jordan Paper and Cardboard

Jordan Himeh Mineral
Orient Dry Batteries Factory

Woolen Industries

Jordan Tanning
Jordan Printing and Packaging
Jordan Tobacco and Cigarette

National Cable & Wire Manufacturing

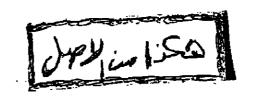
Jordan Glass Industries

Jordan Precast Concrete Industry

Jordan Cement Factories

Grand total

Jordan Rockwool Industries 54700 Trans-Jordan Minerals Research 100



Masters tournament completes long run in New York

NEW YORK - The Masters tennis tournament, the star-studded championship that tradi-tionally marks the end of the men's season, begins its farewell New York showing on Tuesday at Madison Square Garden. The 53-million Masters, which

has called New York its home for the last 12 years, will move next year to Frankfurt, West Germany, for a five-year run as part of the new Association of Tennis Professionals (ATP) tour.

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Helping to make this last tournament of the decade extra special will be New Yorker John McEnroe, playing before home fans in his first Masters since of the Round-Robin event along with world number one Ivan low Americans Michael Chang and Aaron Krickstein.

Brad Gilbert.

Each player will play the three others in his group, with the top two from each group advancing to the semifinals to be held in Saturday. The final is on Sunday.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1989 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: You will have lots of interest in making some new conditions that interest you, come true and you would be wise to carefully consider them and not let your enthusiasm run away with you.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) ing couple from a distance. A financial problem has cial problem has a real opportimity for you to benefit through it. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Don't let financial matters confuse a relationship with a good friend. Get a family member to go on a trip with you and good results

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Get a woman friend to introduce you to personalities that interest you. Keep strictly business like with a younger associate in the Keep strictly business like

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Don't get involved in an at between a partner and influential man. Being demanwith your attachment now could cause trouble.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) A friend is ready and willing at last to carry through with promises made to you. Do something startling and matic to please your loved one. VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Invite new acquaintances into your home on the spur of the moment, Search periodicals for the answers to your practical prob-

LIBRA: (September 23 to October

The 30-year-old McEnroe, who has climbed to number four in the world, is in the Rod Laver group Lendl of Czechoslovakia and fel-

Defending champion Boris Becker of West Germany, winner of this year's Wimbledon and U.S. Open titles, heads the life Nastase group that also includes Stefan Edberg of Sweden and Americans Andre Agassi and

22) You can get any problems at home ironed out rightly now. You need to be very cautious in any SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Invite persons into your home who are financially successful. Do something with your attachment for more happiness. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to

December 21) Get a well organised businessman to advise you now. Confusion at home is best handled by your being quiet for a while. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Steer clear of any arguments whatever with men friends today. Romance is best for on now in the privacy of your loved one's quarters.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Try to follow the practical suggestions given by a confidential advisor. Invite a dramatic couple into your home for langhs.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) A restrictive man could keep you from a business opportunity. Concentrate on dealing with younger members of your family.

Today's child: If your child were born today he or she can expect to have those in authority take a definite interest in them. The job of this progeny's parents will be to insure that this child gets the right kind of education and stays in school until they have received the proper credentials to establish inselves in the world.

"The stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

TOO EASY TO MAKE

Both vulnerable. North deals. NORTH **♣** A J 6 ♥ K 8 7 ← K 8 5
 # Q742 EAST ♠ K 10 8 7 ♥ 9 5 3

SOUTH The bidding:

I ± 1 7 4 0 Pass Pass Opening lead: King of 4 How often do you see an infielder

make a spectacular play and then, a few ground balls later, muff a simple effort? It was so easy that he took his eye off the ball. The same thing happens at the bridge table.
The bidding was routine, although we would be the first to admit a rebid of three no trump by South has certain appeal. At rubber bridge, however, the possession of

100 honors would sway us to four On the opening lead of the king

of clubs, East started an echo with the jack to show a four-card holding in the suit. West shifted to the jack of diamonds, and declarer wasted no time in going down. He won in hand, drew three rounds of trumps and then continued with a diamond to the king and another. When that suit split 4-2, the most likely distribution, declarer ended up losing two diamonds and a trick

in each black suit-down one. Had declarer paused to count the available tricks off the top, he would have realized there were only nine—six trumps, a spade and two diamonds. The simplest way to produce a 10th was to ruff a diamond in

Therefore, declarer could not afford to draw more than one round of trumps, and that with a high trump in hand. Next, South should cash the remaining high diamond and exit with a diamond. No matter what the defenders do, declarer can win any return, if necessary come to hand with a club ruff or a high trump, and then ruff a diamond with the king of trumps for the fulfilling trick.

Last year's final was perhaps the most memorable in the 19year history of the elite championship as Becker beat Lendl in five gruelling sets, with the last point of the match being decided when the ball plopped over the net tape to end a tie-break.

The victory served notice that the West German could defeat

the world's best on a surface other than the friendly, fast grass at Wimbledon and the result presaged a breakthrough year for Becker, who added the U.S. Open crown — beating Lendl in the final — to his three Wimbledon titles.

Tuesday's programme begins with world number three Edberg

playing number six Agassi. Australian Open champion Lendl follows on to the medium-fast supreme court carpet against French Open champion Chang, with Becker bringing down the curtain on opening night against

Gilbert, McEnroe swings into action on Wednesday against Krickstein.

Chang, 17, said he was looking forward to making his Masters debut. "The Masters is going to be fun," he said.

"The best players in the world are there and you don't have to worry about losing early. Top players like to play top players they get more psyched up to

Villa marches on with 7th win in 8 games

LONDON (R) — Goals in each half from striking partners David Platt and Tony Daley swept Aston Villa to a 2-0 victory at Wimbledon on Saturday and into three-way tie at the top of the English first division.

Rejuvenated Villa, who narrowly avoided relegation last season, outplayed their London hosts and went ahead in the 23rd minute when New England striker Platt flicked bome Daley's pinpoint cross

Daley added the second seven minutes from time to leave Villa level on 27 points with leaders Arsenal, who play Liverpool on Sunday, and second-placed Chelsea, who drew 0-0 at Manchester United. The trio are three points clear of fourth-placed Liverpool.

It was Villa's seventh win in eight games and one they richly deserved with former England

ACROSS
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5 Snapshor
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number 14 Acknowledge

participant 16 Brass from

21 Foyer 22 Mine finds 23 "— be good 24 Brutish one

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39 Computer 40 Betrays 41 Loudness

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44 Express
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Part of n.b.

57 ---mutuel 19 58 Layered rock 23 59 Merit 60 Author Waugh 24

Broad smile Strikebreaker

Peppy potion

A Muse

60 Author Waugh 61 Raised moner

DOWN

Dec. 1989.*

THE Daily Crossword by Fred Tools

player Gordon Cowans supplying plenty of inspiration and en-deavour in midfield.

But Everton's jinx at Nottingham Forest's City ground con-tinued when they lost 1-0 for the second time in four days, this time to a Nigel Clough penalty midway through the second half. Everton have only won twice in 27 visits to Forest.

Southampton found their best scoring form as they dismantled Luton 6-3 but Tottenham's miserable home run continued with a 2-1 defeat at White Hart Lane against Derbyn County.

Tottenham, who have won six of their last seven away games, went ahead through a Paul Stewart goal after just four minutes.

It was the first goal Derby had conceded in four games. But Welsh midfielder Dean Saunders equalised with his 12th goal of the season six minutes after the inter-

Saturday's Puzzle Solved:

ELATE PHER GROE BASECIAS ORDENING SUP HOWA MARKED TAR TARS REALED SEMATURE OLLA FRECT SEW WELIGHTGAMEORAGE AME ARRIS AGAR BURGTEED LAPELS MEAT HOY ASSERT DOME LEI HAMESTRANGRWORD LIGOR OLDE SAUTE LAGS EER ESTES

winner in the 76th minute.

Forest, who beat Everton in the league cup on Wednesday thanks to a late and controversial Lee Chapman goal, snatched victory from the penalty spot in the 61st minute on Saturday after midfielder Steve Hodge had been floored by Martin Keown.

Chelsea striker Kerry Dixon nearly secured a victory for his side at Old Trafford which would have left them the outright leaders of the first division. With five minutes remaining he was sent clear by Mick Hazard only to hit his first shot against United goalkeeper Jim Leighton. Then his second effort was cleared off the

line by defender Steve Bruce. Southampton climbed to fifth place in the standings after emerging triumphant from a

nine-goal thriller with Luton. val and Paul Goddard netted the

Former Villa striker Paul Rideout opened the scoring in the second minute before John Dryer drilled home an equaliser from 25 yards midway through the first half, Matthew le Tissier's eighth goal of the season restored Southamoton's lead four minutes before halftime but Kingsley Black equalised again.

Winger Rodney Wallace then put the hosts 3-2 up before the floodgates opened with three more goals from Wallace, Alan Shearer and Rideout in the last 10 minutes. Dane Lars Elstrup hit Luton's third five minutes from

But it was former European champions Villa, chasing their first league title since 1981, who had most to celebrate.

The Filipino Comunity invites you to a

CHRISTMAS PARTY

Sunday, December 24, 1989, 7:00 p.m. at Amman Plaza Hotel JD 8:00

Tickets available at Philippine Embassy, Elsa Nicolas, tel: no. 601125, Mindy Nicolas, tel: no. 610094

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Opp. the Mosque — Tel. 823485

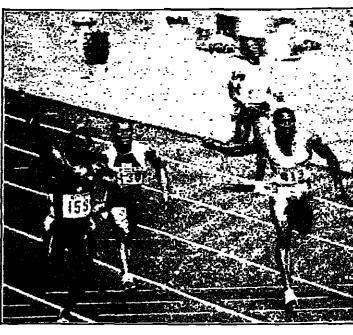
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Ben Johnson (left) wins the 100 metre race at Seoul Olympics on

Johnson rehabilitated?

heard in a face-to-face television discussion that a leading International Olympic Committee (IOC) official wants him to compete at the 1992 Barcelona Olympics.

"I wish him back at the next Olympics. He helped us a lot in our fight against doping," IOC medical commission president Prince Alexandre de Merode said in front of Johnson during the recording of a French television show on doping which ended early on Saturday.

"Johnson has given the worst example in the history of sports," de Merode added. "But this is past and we have to look forward to the future. If criminals can be rehabilitated, Johnson should

Johnson, paid \$25,000 to appear on the programme with de Merode and other athletes, again confessed to using drugs for years before he was caught with traces of the anabolic steroid stanozolol in his body after his 100 metres

victory in Seoul. "When I was 19 I was told everyone took dope and it was my only chance to become a champion," said the Jamaicanborn Canadian. "I was not afraid of tests, I did not realise what I was doing. Now I'm ashamed. for my family, my friends and the children who admired me.'

Johnson also heard from athletes who said they felt betrayed

PARIS (R) - Ben Johnson by his cheating. French 100 metres record holder Laurence Billy told him: "You broke my

> Johnson will be eligible to compete again late next year once a two-year ban imposed by the International Amateur Athletic Federation (IAAF) was expired. But he remains barred for life by the Canadians, a ban which could keep him out of the 1991 world championships and 1992 Olym-

East German swimmer Cristina Knacke, 100 metres butterfly bronze medallist at the 1990 Moscow Olympics, also confirmed recent reports that East German athletes were forced to take ster-

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HANDICRAFTS

An exhibition displaying handicraft articles particularly gobelins and flowers will be inaugurated on the 26th Nov. 1989 at 17.00 by Mr. Miles Roddis — the Director of the British Council.

The display will take place at the British Council at Jabal Amman - Rainbow Street until 29.11.89. The invitation is public.



itolon resource: Jabal Amman - between 5th.6th cirle.Tel 921985

Tel: 625155 Cinema RAINBOW CROCODILE DUNDEE 3:30, 6:30, 8:30 p.m.

CONCORD

Michael Keaton

THE SQUEEZE

unces 3:30, 6:00, 8:30, 10:30

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Invites you to view a collection of watercolours of

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Ahmad Ismaiel

on display Sat. 25th Nov., through Thurs. 7th

The Gallery Tel. 641361 ext. 2183

Hotel Jordan Inter-Continental, Amman.

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Tel: 677420 Cinema

Tel: 634144

Cinema NUOUM

BATMAN

accs 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10:30

Tel: 674111 PLAZA FATAL

Performances 3:30, 6:00, 8:30, 10:30

THE WASHINGTON

Indians protest against election violence, vote rigging and intimidation

The Congress Party has said that such allegations are part of an orchestrated campaign to

malign the party and a

smokescreen to cover up the

opposition's violent electoral tac-

In an editorial, the independent Times of India newspaper

said Saturday the "progressive induction of money mustle and power to influence the electoral verdict"

was rendering the polls meaning-

Congress Party workers insti-

gated violence and rigged votes

across the country, including in Amethi, Gandhi's own consti-

tuency. The Election Commis-

sion, has said the charges will be

investigated, the results withheld

if the inquiries are not completed

and a revote ordered if necessary.

a "national disgrace," the usually conservative Times of India said:

'If this is the example set in the

prime minister's own constituen-

cy, he is left without moral an-

thority to control the hoodlums

and mafia dons who make a

mockery of the democratic pro-

cess in other parts of the

On Friday, at least 41 people were killed as voting was held in 266 of the 524 constituencies at

stake. On Wednesday, when 221

constituencies voted, at least 48

people were killed. Five others

were killed Thursday in lingering disputes from Wednesday's

The Election Commission has ordered a revote in 930 of the

country's 590,000 polling booths

after deciding that fraud had been

Calling the elections in Amethi

The opposition contends that

NEW DELHI (AP) — Hundreds of people blocked roads and demonstrated Saturday outside the Election Commission offices to protest violence, vote rigging and intimidation in the parliamentary elec-

The demonstration was organised by Independent Initiative, a group that claims to be nonpartisan, although most of its slogans criticised Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi and his governing Congress Party.

The elections, which end Sunday and will determine whether Gandhi remains in power, are shaping up as the most violent in India's history.

At least two more deaths were reported in Friday's voting, bringing to 94 the number of people killed since the elections for a new parliament began Wednesday. Voting is still to be completed in two of the most volatile regions of the country. Voting will take place Sunday in the northern state of Punjab where Sikh separatists have killed at least 1.650 people this year and

dead in the past six weeks. Election workers will begin counting the votes Sunday morning, with the first results expected Sunday night after the polls close in Bihar, Punjab and tiny Sikkim.

in eastern Bihar state where vio-

ience between Hindus and Mus-

lims has left at least 300 people

"It is the bloodiest election I have seen," said Inder Mohan a political activist on a hunger strike outside the headquarters of the Election Commission, the watchdog body for the polls. "It is also the saddest because most of the violence seems to have been perpetrated by the Con-

Mohan, 69, says he is on a hunger strike in protest against the Congress Party's "general attack on the right to vote." Next to him, groups of people chanted, "Rajiv Gandhi, come to your

ordered in the southern state of Andhra Pradesh, governed by the Telugu Desam Party, a member of the opposition National Front coalition.

The number of repolls ordered is nearly double the 480 ordered in the 1984 elections, which propelled Gandhi to a four-fifths majority in parliament after the assination of his mother and predecessor, Indira Gandhi.

At least 400 of the revotes were

Some of the repolls were scheduled Saturday and the rest will be held "as soon as possible," the commission said.

On Sunday, voting will be held in 37 constituencies in the states of Punjab and Bihar and in Sikkim's one constituency. The campaign has been muted

in Punjab and Bihar because of violence arising from opposition to India's Hindu majority. Punjab is the scene of the

violent six-year-old insurrection by militants from the Sikh community for an independent nation. The competing candidates include a former police officer on trial for conspiring to assassinate Mrs. Gandhi and the wife of one of her assassins.

In Bihar, sectarian violence between Hindus and Muslims earlier this month and in October killed at least 300 people. The fighting started after militant Hindus announced plans to build a temple at a disputed site claimed by followers of both

Congress Party leaders privately acknowledge the Hindu-Muslim violence in Bihar has affected the governing party's chances.
"We seem to have alienated both communities," said one governing party lawmaker, speaking on condition of anonymity.

Opinion polls say the opposition has a strong chance of forming the next government by gaining a majority of the seats at stake KAL jet crashes in Seoul, 21 injured

SEOUL (R) - Twenty-one people were hurt when a Korean Air Lines (KAL) jet with 54 people on board crashed on take-off from Seoul's Kimpo Airport Saturday and caught fire, an airline spokesman said.

A KAL spokesman said several people had broken bones but no ives were in danger.

The crash of the Fokker F28 was KAL's second in four months. A DC-10 crashed in Tripoli on July 27, killing 74 of the 199 people on board and another six people on the ground.

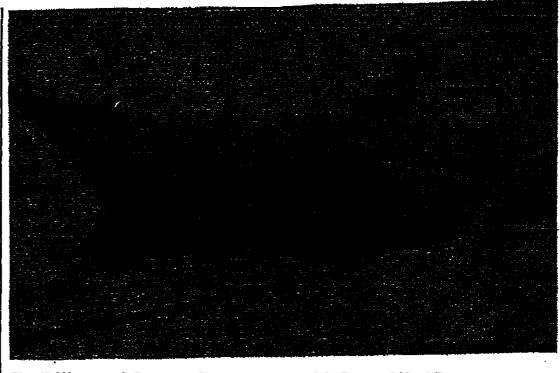
The aircraft was about 10 metres off the ground when passengers said there was a bang from one of the rear-mounted

The right engine lost power, the right wing dipped and clip-ped the ground and the aircraft smashed into the ground, bursting into flames, airline spokesman Lee Taek-Young said. KAL originally said 52 people

had been on board but later added two infant children to the passenger list. Only four non-Koreans, two Australians and two French nationals, were on board the flight to Kangnung on the east coast.

On Tuesday, South Korea's Transport Ministry ruled pilot error caused the Libyan crash. KAL said it would fire the pilot and flight engineer and charge them with negligence and accidental homicide.

Lee said an investigation into Saturday's crash would take ab-



Summit ship transits Bosphorus

ISTANBUL (R) — The Soviet missile cruiser Slava, which will co-host next week's superpower summit in the Mediterranean, passed through Turkey's Bosphorus waterway Saturday headng for Malta.

The huge warship was escorted by the Soviet patrol ship Pytlivi as it passed through Istanbul, which straddles the Bosphorus, shortly after 8 a.m. (0600 GMT). A Turkish navy patrol boat followed the Pythivi and a white

high-speed launch usually used by the Turkish secret services to shadow Soviet warships tailed it. Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev and U.S. President George Bush will meet on board the Slava (glory) and the U.S. cruiser Belkmap near Malta on Dec. 2 and 3. The Slava sailed from its home

port of Sevastopol on the Black Sea Friday and after transitting the Bosphorus must pass the Sea of Marmara, the Dardanelles and the Aegean Sea before reaching the Mediterranean.

Marcos' close ally returns home

MANILA (AP) — One of Ferdinand Marcos' closest allies returned three years after he was banished, and a pro-Marcos politician Saturday offered him leadership of the opposition to President Corazon Aquino.

Eduardo Cojuangco, a first cousin of Mrs. Aquino, arrived late Friday after three years exile in the United States, according to radio station DZRH, which broadcast an interview with him.

Cojuangco, 54, left the Philip-pines in February 1986 aboard the same American military plane that carried Marcos into exile in Hawaii, where he died on Sept.

Cojuangco had been the symbol of "crony capitalism," a system in which associates of Marcos and his wife Imelda were given preferential treatment in establishing monopolies to control ex-ports, manufacturing and other aspects of the economy.

Mrs. Aquino's staff appeared caught off guard by Cojuangeo's

A LIKELY STORY Craig Scholtz

return. Assistant spokeswoman Lourdes Sytangeo said Cojuangco may have travelled under another name, since his real name did not appear on any rosters of flights arriving at Manila's airport. Cojuangco told DZRH that he

wanted to return to his homeland to clear his name of allegations that he belped Marcos in looting the Philippine treasury of billions before the late president was ousted in the 1986 "people power "I am thankful that we have

been able to come home because for a long time I have wanted to come back here," Cojuangco said. "And I thank the Almighty that I have been given the opportunity to return to my beloved A presidential security official,

speaking on condition of anonymity, said Mrs. Aquino learned of her cousin's arrival only Saturday.

Cojuangco told DZRH that he

had been issued a passport by the Philippine consulate in Los Angeles. Presidential spokesman Adolfo Azcuna said the palace was unaware that any passport

Cojuangeo's passport was can-celled in 1986, along with those of Marcos and his immediate family. Mrs. Aquino has banned the Marcos family from returning and has refused to allow her predecessor's body to be buried in the Philippines, citing national

Congressman Rodolfo Albano. former minority leader in the House of Representatives, said Cojuangeo's return would boost the opposition forces, still grasping for a leader since Marcos' "If he will accept it, we will

wholeheartedly give the opposition leadership to him," Albano said of Cojuangco. "We welcome him as the leading light of the

Plane dropped on baggage cart

NEWARK, New Jersey (AP)— Strong wind gusts lifted a parked Continental Airlines jetliner and dropped it on a baggage cart and fuel truck, authorities said. One minor injury was reported. The Boeing 727's nose landed on the baggage cart at Newark interna-tional airport Monday night and the right wing came down on a fuel truck, said police officer. Frank Gato. There were no passengers on the plane but a worker inside the craft's baggage area. was injured, said Gato. Emergency room officials said he was in good condition.

Rescue for unique museum in London

LONDON (AP) — The Soane Maseum, left to the British nation by the 18th century architect Sir John Soane, will be renovated... with private and public money, curator Peter Thornton announced Thursday. The government pledged to match a donation of £1 million (\$1.56 million) from developers MEPC Plc over the next five years. The repairs will preserve the three Georgian houses in the London lawyers' district of Lincoln's Inn Fields which Soane reconstructed for his home, offices and art collections. The contents, including the eight "Rake's Progress" paintings by William Hogarth and the 3,300-year-old sarcophagus of_ Egyptian Pharaoh Seti I, still are displayed free and largely as Soane left them when he died in

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Belated cheque LENOX, Massachusetts (AP)

William Shirer finally received his severence cheque from the Chicago Tribune — 57 years late. Shirer, author of the classic "Riseand fall of the Third Reich," was dismissed by the Tribune in 1932 in Vienna for mixing up the name of a woman who had been arrested by Austrian police. He said the newspaper promised him a month's severance pay and he went to Spain "to collect my thoughts." The pay never came, until Tuesday. Two Tribune editors visited him at his home and brought a check for \$1,250.

Rights group accuses Salvadorean government, rebels of killing civilians

SAN SALVADOR (AP) - A evacuated because of the heavy human rights monitoring group fighting in San Salvador. has released a report accusing both the government and the rebels fighting it of causing civilian deaths during the guerrillas' two-week-old offensive

The report, released Friday by Americas Watch, said the armed forces "engaged in targetted killings, arbitrary detentions of nonchided the rebels "for using civilians as shields." Also Friday, Salvadorean legis-

lators debated a proposed law that would curb activities by union, peasant and human-rights groups, and officials said a wit-Jesuit priests and two other people had fled the country. The Americas Watch report,

called "carnage again," said the air force "as far as it is possible to determine, caused great loss of civilian life by indiscriminate aerial attacks in slum neighbour-

It criticised both sides for "impeding medical care for the Campus on the night of Nov. wounded," who could not be 15-16," the report contended. peding medical care for the

Americas Watch also con-

tended that the offensive led to human rights violations by the military as "government forces apparently took advantage of the fighting to settle old scores."

It cited a series of raids on churches and church-run shelters, the slaying of the Roman Cathocombatants and torture," while it lic priests, death threats to church officials and the arrests and explosions of foreign church workers.

The report also raised questions about how the investigation was proceeding into the slayings of six Jesuit priests, alleged by ness to last week's killing of six two witnesses to have been committed by men wearing the salvadorean army uniforms. The inquiry is being conducted by rightist President Alfredo Cristiani's

government. "As commander-in-chief of the Salvadorean Armed Forces, President Cristiani should be able to learn which unit patrolled the University of Central America

S. Africa opens some suburbs to all races

for those unwilling to see it go. Planning Minister Hernus Kriel has announced that a district in central Cape Town, two suburbs outside Johannesburg and an area of the Indian Ocean port of Durban would be thrown open to residents of all races.

But he said the government would protect the rights of whites who wanted to live in racially exclusive enclaves and who wanted their children to go to all-white

in their own communities must be given that right," Kriel said in a television interview.

districts to black traders.

from opposition leaders and resi-

"We've been waiting for this for a very long time. Our future is bright," said Jaap Veen, a white resident of Windmill Park in the

illegally in the same suburb for several months said she was detainty we faced.'

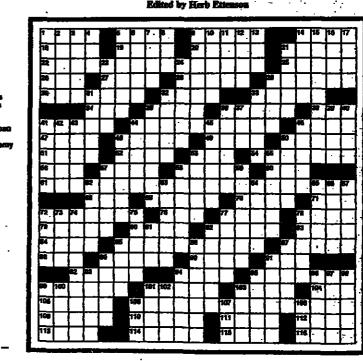
But Boksburg Mayor Beyers de Klerk said his Conservative

this is the betrayal of the land God gave us," he said in a television interview.

cans want all South Africa open to all South Africans," said Mass Democratic Movement spokes-

Cape Town campaign against segregated housing, said the com-promise ignored the country's critical housing shortage and reinforced apartheid.

THE Sunday Crossword



Last Week's Cryptograms

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 My special thanks to u

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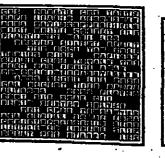
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world news in Brief

Antarctic expedition rescued

MINNEAPOLIS (AP) - A supply plane has rescued 17 stranded reporters and support workers from an Antarctic expedition and prepared to resume flights to six people crossing the continent by dog sleds and skiies, a spokesman said. The 17 journalists, scientists and others who had been stranded at Antarctica's Patriot Hills arrived at the International Trans-Antarctica Expedition's base in Punta Arenas, Chile, about 9 a.m. local time (1200 GMT) after a seven-hour flight, said expedition spokes-woman Cathy de Moll in St. Paul, Minnesota. Members of the expedition come from the United States, Soviet Union, France, Great Britain, Japan and China. The expedition, led by Minnesotan Will Steger, is making its seven-month journey to bring world attention to Antarctica and to demonstrate the power of international cooperation. The adventurers began in July. They and their dogs were in good condition and until Friday had averaged 39 kilometres a day for the past week, de Moll said.

Ted Kennedy to visit Berlin

WEST BERLIN (R) — U.S. Senator Edward Kennedy, whose brother Jack electrified the people of West Berlin 26 years ago with his declaration" ich bin ein Berliner", will visit the city next week, diplomatic sources said Friday. They said Kennedy, a senator for Massachusetts, would make a brief visit to West Berlin and visit the now breached wall as a side trip during a congressional visit to Europe. The magic of the Kennedy name is still potent here. On June 26, 1963, two years after the Berlin Wall was built and just five months before his assassination, President John F. Kenney came to West Berlin at a time when it was under intermittent Soviet pressure. He visited the wall and expressed his solidarity with West Berliners in words that raised a vast crowd to a frenzy of cheers, declaring: "Ich bin Ein Berliner" — I am a Berliner.

CAPE TOWN (R) - Four South African suburbs have been

opened to all races for the first time since apartheid was introduced in 1948, but the govern-

"People who want to live with-

Kriel's announcement was in line with President F.W. de Klerk's promise to eliminate some forms of segregation and increase the options open to South Africans.

De Klerk has already opened the country's beaches to all races and forced conservative white towns to open their shopping

The announcement that blacks, whites, ethnic Indians and coloured (mixed race) people can be neighbours drew mixed reactions white town of Boksburg. A black woman who has lived

lighted: "We are really very, very happy. This removes the uncer-Coloured (mixed-race) Labour Party leader Allan Hendrickse

welcomed the announcement, but said he wanted to see all residential segregation abolished.

Party council, which has fought for over a year to reimpose hardline apartheid, was bitterly opposed to the plan. This is not free settlement

Anti-apartheid leaders rejected

the plan as a sop designed to make residential segregation internationally acceptable. "The majority of South Afri-

man Murphy Morobe.

Anwah Nagia, who heads a

East German immigrants cause headaches for Bonn

BONN (R) — Among the enormous tide of East German visitors pouring into the West, 1,000 or more every day say they are

not going back. Although they comprise less than one per cent of the six million East Germans who have come to West Germany since the borders were flung open two weeks ago, the immigrants pose a big headache for Bonn. We just do not know where to

put the people any more," said a social services official in the northern city of Hamburg. "Our chances of finding them all accommodation are catas-In November alone, more than 100,000 permanent settlers have

arrived from East Germany, bringing the year's total to

275,000, the Ministry for Inter-German Affairs said. At the beginning of the month nearly 40,000 fled via Czechoslovakia in just five days, and another big rush ensued when the border opened on Nov. 9. The

flow has now diminished but shows no sign of drying up

The city of Hamburg has already hired a couple of ships, caravans and a former sex shop to house them. In other parts of the country hotels, gyms and youth hostels have been taken over.

Economists have welcomed the

influx of skilled labour for the economy, but others fear the East Germans will make competition for jobs fiercer and force wages A survey by the Infas Research Institute released this week shows only 30 per cent of West Germans

still think East Germans have a

valid political reason for leaving

their country for good, down from 58 per cent before the Berlin Wall was opened. East German leader Egon Krenz's gamble in opening the borders was that once the people knew they could travel freely, they would not feel the need to









